

MULTI OUTDOOR UNITS

SERVICE MANUAL

Multi zone

CONDENSING UNITS

Revision V 2201





Model Numbers:

CVH-18-2SH, CVH-27-3SH, CVH-36-4SH, CVH-48-5SH, CMZ-18-2Z, CMZ-27-3Z, CMZ-48-4Z, CMZ-54-5Z

Table of Contents

- 1. Indoor Unit Combination
- 2. Dimension Of Outdoor Unit
- 3. Refrigerant Cycle Diagram
- 4. Installation Details
- 5. Electronic Function
- 6. Wiring Diagrams
- 7. Trouble Shooting
- 8. Disassembly Instructions



WARNING

- Installation MUST conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code NFPA70/ANSI C1-1993 or current edition and Canadian Electrical Code Part1 CSA C.22.1.
- The information contained in the manual is intended for use by a qualified service technician familiar with safety procedures and equipped with the proper tools and test instruments
- Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in hazards to you and others.
- Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in equipment malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.

CONTENTS

1.	Indoor Unit Combination	3
2.	Dimension Of Outdoor Unit	6
3.	Refrigerant Cycle Diagram	8
4.	Installation Details	12
	4.1 Wrench torque sheet for installation	12
	4.2 Connecting the cables	12
	4.3 Pipe length and the elevation	12
	4.4 First-Time Installation	12
	4.5 Adding Refrigerant after Long-Term System Operation	14
	4.6 Procedure when servicing the indoor unit refrigeration circuit	14
	4.7 Evacuation after servicing the outdoor unit refrigeration circuit	15
5.	Electronic Function	17
	5.1 Abbreviation	17
	5.2 Electric Control Working Environment.	17
	5.3 Main Protection	17
	5.4 Control and Functions	19
6.	Wiring Diagrams	25
7.	Troubleshooting	40
	7.1Safety	40
	7.2Indoor Unit Error Display	41
	7.3 Outdoor Unit Display	41
	7.4 Diagnosis and Solution	49
	7.5 Trouble Criterion of Main Parts	108

Indoor Unit Combination

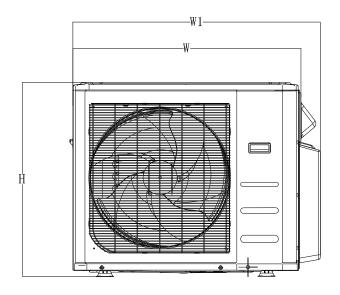
Multi DC Outdoor Unit	Nominal capacity	Suggested Combination	Limit						
		6+6							
		6+9							
CMZ-18-2Z	5.2kW	6+12	None						
CIVIZ-10-22	3.2KVV	9+9	None						
		9+12							
		12+12							
		6+6							
	5.2kW							6+9	
		6+12							
CVH-18-2SH		6+18	None						
		9+9							
		9+12							
		12+12							

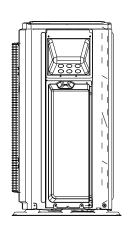
Multi DC Outdoor	Nominal capacity	S	Limit		
Unit		Two units	Thre	e units	LIIIIIL
		6+12	6+6+6	6+12+12	
		6+18	6+6+9	6+12+18	
		9+9	6+6+12	9+9+9	
		9+12	6+6+18	9+9+12	
CMZ-27-3Z	7.8kW	9+18	6+9+9	9+9+18	None
		12+12	6+9+12	9+12+12	
		12+18	6+9+18	12+12+12	
		18+18			
		6+12	6+6+6	6+9+18	
		6+18	6+6+9	6+12+12	
		9+9	6+6+12	9+9+9	
		9+12	6+6+18	9+9+12	
		9+18	6+6+24	9+9+18	
CVH-27-3SH	7.8kW	9+24	6+9+9	9+12+12	None
		12+12	6+9+12	12+12+12	
		12+18			
		12+24			
		18+18			

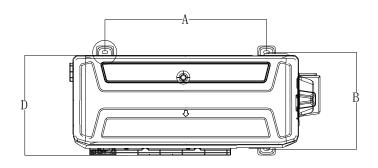
Multi DO Outdo and Init	Nominal capacity	Suggested Combination					
Multi DC Outdoor Unit		Two units	Thre	e units	For	urunits	Limit
		6+18	6+6+12	9+9+12	6+6+6+6	6+9+9+18	
		6+24	6+6+18	9+9+18	6+6+6+9	6+9+9+24	
		9+18	6+6+24	9+9+24	6+6+6+12	6+9+12+12	
		9+24	6+9+12	9+12+12	6+6+6+18	6+9+12+18	
		12+12	6+9+18	9+12+18	6+6+6+24	6+12+12+12	
		12+18	6+9+24	9+12+24	6+6+9+9	6+12+12+18	
		12+24	6+12+12	9+18+18	6+6+9+12	9+9+9+9	
CMZ-48-4Z	10.5kW	18+18	6+12+18	12+12+12	6+6+9+18	9+9+9+12	None
		18+24	6+12+24	12+12+18	6+6+9+24	9+9+9+18	
		24+24	6+18+18	12+12+24	6+6+12+12	9+9+12+12	
			6+18+24	12+18+18	6+6+12+18	9+9+12+18	
			9+9+9		6+6+12+24	9+12+12+12	
					6+9+9+9	12+12+12+12	
					6+9+9+12		
		6+18	6+6+12	9+9+9	6+6+6+6	6+9+9+12	
		6+24	6+6+18	9+9+12	6+6+6+9	6+9+9+18	
		6+30	6+6+24	9+9+18	6+6+6+12	6+9+9+24	
		9+18	6+6+30	9+9+24	6+6+6+18	6+9+12+12	
		9+24	6+9+12	9+9+30	6+6+6+24	6+9+12+18	
		9+30	6+9+18	9+12+12	6+6+6+30	6+12+12+12	
		12+12	6+9+24	9+12+18	6+6+9+9	6+12+12+18	
CVH-36-4SH	10.5kW	12+18	6+9+30	9+12+24	6+6+9+12	9+9+9+9	None
		12+24	6+12+12	9+18+18	6+6+9+18	9+9+9+12	_
		12+30	6+12+18	12+12+12	6+6+9+24	9+9+9+18	
		18+18	6+12+24	12+12+18	6+6+12+12	9+9+12+12	
		18+24	6+12+30	12+12+24	6+6+12+18	9+9+12+18	
		18+30	6+18+18	12+18+18	6+6+12+24	9+12+12+12	
		24+24	6+18+24		6+9+9+9	12+12+12+12	

Multi DC	Nominal				Sı	uggested Combination	n			
Outdoor Unit	capacity	Two units	Thre	e units	Foo	urunits	F	ve units	Limit	
		9+24	6+6+24	9+12+18	6+6+6+18	6+9+18+30	6+6+6+6+9	6+6+12+12+12		
		9+30	6+6+30	9+12+24	6+6+6+24	6+12+12+12	6+6+6+6+12	6+6+12+12+18		
		9+36	6+6+36	9+12+30	6+6+6+30	6+12+12+18	6+6+6+6+18	6+6+12+12+24		
		12+24	6+9+24	9+12+36	6+6+6+36	6+12+12+24	6+6+6+6+24	6+6+12+18+18		
		12+30	6+9+30	9+18+18	6+6+9+18	6+12+12+30	6+6+6+6+30	6+9+9+9+9		
		12+36	6+9+36	9+18+24	6+6+9+24	6+12+18+18	6+6+6+6+36	6+9+9+9+12		
		18+18	6+12+18	9+18+30	6+6+9+30	6+12+18+24	6+6+6+9+9	6+9+9+9+18		
		18+24	6+12+24	9+18+36	6+6+9+36	9+9+9+9	6+6+6+9+12	6+9+9+9+24		
		18+30	6+12+30	9+24+24	6+6+12+12	9+9+9+12	6+6+6+9+18	6+9+9+9+30		
		18+36	6+12+36	9+24+30	6+6+12+18	9+9+9+18	6+6+6+9+24	6+9+9+12+12		
		24+30	6+18+18	12+12+12	6+6+12+24	9+9+9+24	6+6+6+9+30	6+9+9+12+18		
		24+36	6+18+24	12+12+18	6+6+12+30	9+9+9+30	6+6+6+9+36	6+9+9+12+24		
	3- 14kW	30+30	6+18+30	12+12+24	6+6+12+36	9+9+9+36	6+6+6+12+12	6+9+9+18+18		
0) // 1 4 6			6+18+36	12+12+30	6+6+18+18	9+9+12+12	6+6+6+12+18	6+9+12+12+12		
CVH-48- 5SH &CMZ-			6+24+24	12+12+36	6+6+18+24	9+9+12+18	6+6+6+12+24	6+9+12+12+18	None	
54-5Z				6+24+30	12+18+18	6+6+18+30	9+9+12+24	6+6+6+12+30	6+9+12+12+24	
			9+9+18	12+18+24	6+6+24+24	9+9+12+30	6+6+6+18+18	6+12+12+12+12		
			9+9+24	12+18+30	6+9+9+12	9+9+18+18	6+6+6+18+24	6+12+12+12+18		
			9+9+30	12+24+24	6+9+9+18	9+9+18+24	6+6+9+9+9	9+9+9+9		
			9+9+36	18+18+18	6+9+9+24	9+12+12+12	6+6+9+9+12	9+9+9+9+12		
			9+12+12	18+18+24	6+9+9+30	9+12+12+18	6+6+9+9+18	9+9+9+9+18		
					6+9+9+36	9+12+12+24	6+6+9+9+24	9+9+9+9+24		
					6+9+12+12	9+12+12+30	6+6+9+9+30	9+9+9+12+12		
					6+9+12+18	9+12+18+18	6+6+9+12+12	9+9+9+12+18		
					6+9+12+24	9+12+18+24	6+6+9+12+18	9+9+9+12+24		
					6+9+12+30	12+12+12+12	6+6+9+12+24	9+9+12+12+12		
					6+9+12+36	12+12+12+18	6+6+9+12+30	9+9+12+12+18		
					6+9+18+18	12+12+12+24	6+6+9+18+18	9+12+12+12		
					6+9+18+24	12+12+18+18	6+6+9+18+24	12+12+12+12+12		

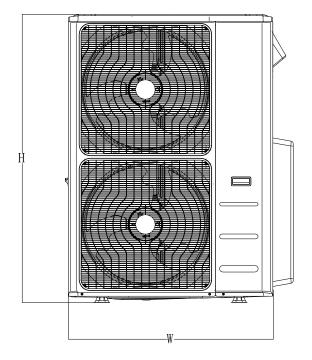
1. Dimension Of Outdoor Unit

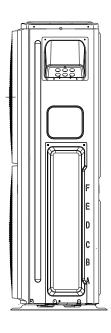


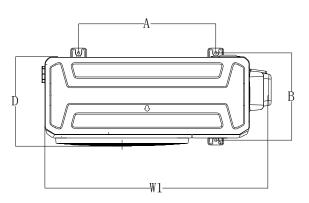




Model	Unit	W	D	Н	W1	Α	В
CMZ-18-2Z	mm	890	342	673	990	663	354
	inch	35.04	13.46	26.50	38.98	26.10	13.94
CVH-18-2SH	mm	946	410	810	1034	673	403
CMZ-27-3Z CVH-27-3SH	inch	37.2	16.5	31.9	40.6	26.5	15.9
CMZ-48-4Z	mm	946	410	810	1034	673	403
CIVIZ-40-4Z	inch	37.2	16.5	31.9	40.6	26.5	15.9



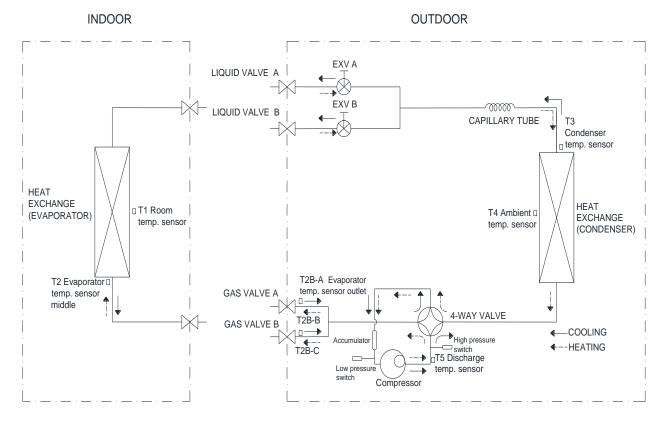




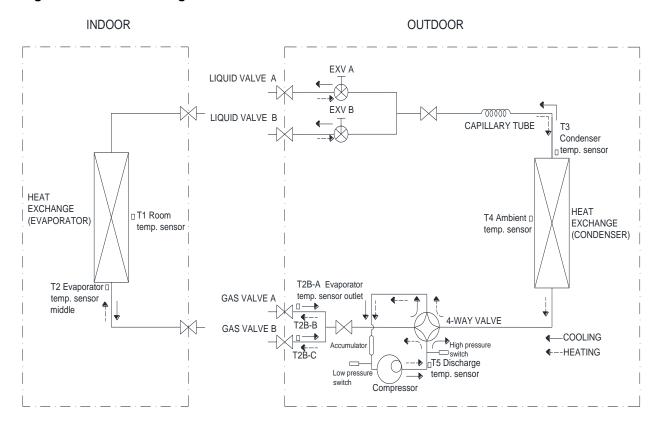
Model	Unit	W	D	Н	W1	Α	В
CVH-48-5SH	mm	952	415	1333	1060	634	404
CVH-36-4SH CMZ-54-5Z	inch	37.5	16.3	52.5	41.7	25.0	15.9

2. Refrigerant Cycle Diagram

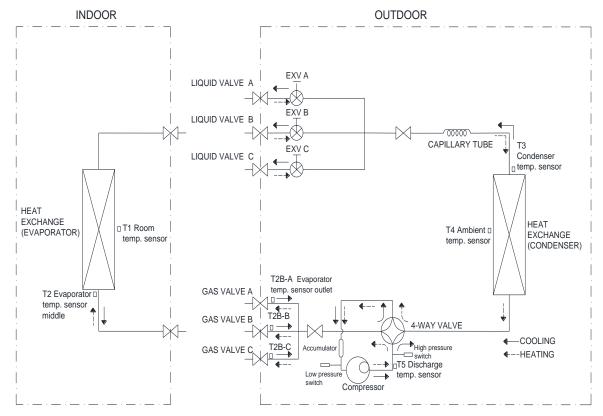
3.1 Refrigeration circuit drawing of CMZ-18-2Z



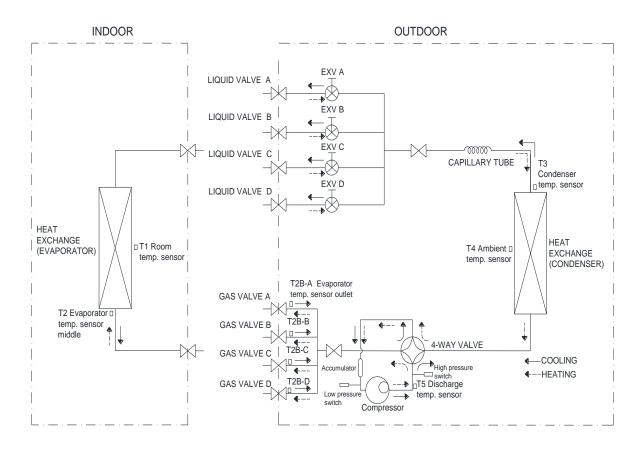
3.2 Refrigeration circuit drawing of CVH-18-2SH



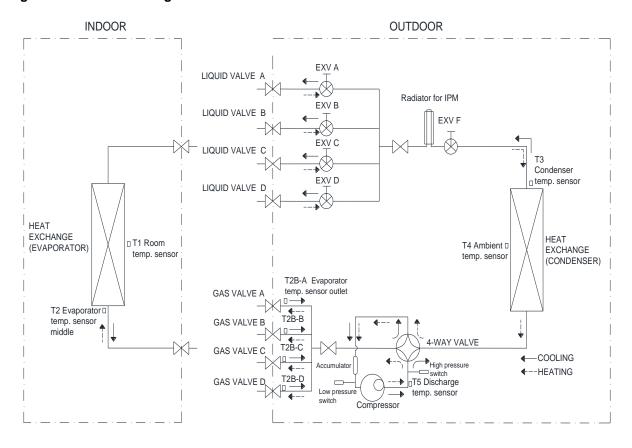
3.3 Refrigeration circuit drawing of CVH-27-3SH



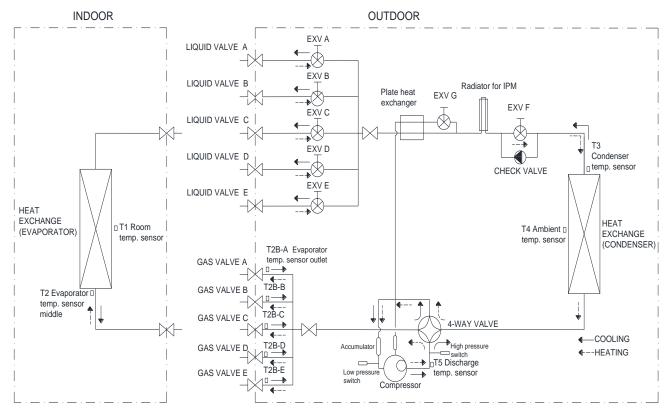
3.4 Refrigeration circuit drawing of CMZ-48-4Z



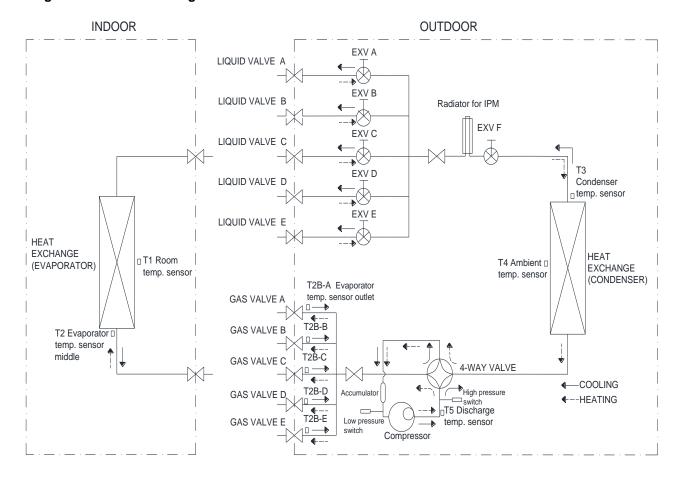
3.5 Refrigeration circuit drawing of CVH-36-4SH



3.7 Refrigeration circuit drawing of CVH-48-5SH



3.8 Refrigeration circuit drawing of CMZ-54-5Z



3. Installation Details

4.1 Wrench torque sheet for installation

Outside diameter		Torque	Additional tightening torque	
mm	inch	N.cm	N.cm	
Ф6.35	1/4	1500(153kgf.cm)	1600(163kgf.cm)	
Ф9.52	3/8	2500(255kgf.cm)	2600(265kgf.cm)	
Ф12.7	1/2	3500(357kgf.cm)	3600(367kgf.cm)	

4.2 Connecting the cables

The power cord connection should be selected according to the following specifications sheet.

Unit	AWG
1 drive 2 type (18K outdoor unit)	14
, , ,	14
1 drive 3 type (27K outdoor unit).	14
1 drive 4 type (36K outdoor unit)	12
1 drive 5 type (48K outdoor unit)	10

For indoor unit and outdoor unit connection line, 16AWG is ok for all.

4.3 Pipe length and the elevation

Maximum piping length and height difference

	1 drive 2	1 drive 3	1 drive 4	1 drive 5
Max. length for all	40	60	80	80
rooms (m)	(131ft)	(197ft)	(262ft)	(262ft)
Max. length for	25 (82ft)	30 (98ft)	35	35
one IU (m)	23 (6211)	30 (9611)	(115ft)	(115ft)
Max. height difference between IU and OU (m)	15 (49.2ft)	15 (49.2ft)	15 (49.2ft)	15 (49.2ft)
Max. height difference between IUs (m)	10 (33ft)	10 (33ft)	10 (33ft)	10 (33ft)

Additional refrigerant charge

Connective Pipe Length(m)	Additional refrigerant		
Liquid Side	Ø 6.35 (1/4")	Ø 9.52 (3/8")	
Pre-charge pipe length (ft/m) (pre-charge pipe length xN)	N/A		
More than (pre-charge pipe	(Total pipe length - pre- charge pipe lengthxN) x15g/m	(Total pipe length - pre-charge pipe lengthxN) x30g/m	
lengthxN) ft/m	(Total pipe length - pre- charge pipe lengthxN) x0.16oZ/ft	(Total pipe length - pre-charge pipe lengthxN) x0.32oZ/ft	

Note: The standard pipe length is 7.5m

Caution:

- Refrigerant pipe diameter is different according to indoor unit to be connected.
 When using the extension pipe, refer to the tables below.
- When refrigerant pipe diameter is different from that of the outdoor unit connector (18K indoor unit) an additional adapter is required.

Indoorunit		Extension pipe diameter		
Model	Pipe diameter (mm/inch)		(mm/inch)	
9K	Liquid	6.35(1/4)	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
911	Gas	9.52(3/8)	Gas	9.52(3/8)
12K 18K	Liquid	6.35(1/4)	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
12K TOK	Gas	12.7(1/2)	Gas	12.7(1/2)
24K	Liquid	9.52 (3/8)	Liquid	9.52 (3/8)
2411	Gas	15.9(5/8)	Gas	15.9(5/8)
Outdoor unit	union diam	eter (mm/inch)		
1 drive 2			Liquid	6.35(1/4) *2
Tanvez			Gas	9.52(3/8) *2
1 drive 3			Liquid	6.35(1/4) *3
1 unve 3			Gas	9.52(3/8) *3
			Liquid	6.35(1/4) *4
1 drive 4			Gas	9.52(3/8) *3
			Gas	12.7(1/2) *1
		Liquid	6.35(1/4) *5	
1 drive 5			Gas	9.52(3/8) *3
			Gas	12.7(1/2) *2

4.4 First-Time Installation

Air and moisture in the refrigerant system cause the following problems:

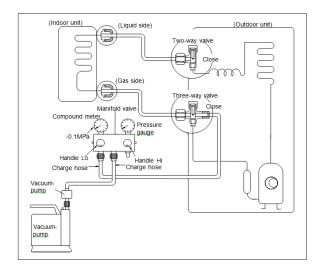
- Increases in system pressure
- Increases in operating current
- Decreases in cooling and heating efficiency
- Blocks in capillary piping caused by moisture in the refrigerant circuit freezing
- Corrosion of parts in the refrigerant system caused by water

The indoor units and the pipes between indoor and outdoor units must be tested for leakages and evacuated to remove gas and moisture from the system.

Gas leak check with soap water:

Apply soap water or a liquid neutral detergent on the connections with a soft brush to check for leakage in the pipe connecting points. If bubbles emerge, the pipes are leaking.

1. Air Purging Using the Vacuum Pump

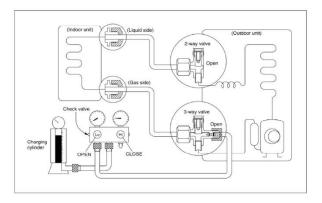


- Completely tighten the flare nuts on the indoor and outdoor units. Confirm that both the2-way and 3-way valves are set to the closed position.
- Connect the charge hose with the push pin of the Handle Lo to the 3-way valve gas service port.
- 3. Connect the charge hose of the Handle Hi to the vacuum pump.
- 4. Fully open the Handle Lo of the manifold valve.
- 5. Turn on the vacuum pump to begin evacuation.
- Conduct a 30-minute evacuation. Check whether the compound meter indicates 0.1Mpa(14.5Psi). If the meter does not indicate -0.1Mpa(14.5Psi) after 30 minutes has elapsed, continue evacuation for 20 more minutes. If the pressure does not reach 0.1Mpa(14.5Psi) after 50 minutes has elapsed, check if there are any leaks.

Fully close the Handle Lo valve of the manifold valve and turn off the vacuum pump. After 5 minutes, confirm that the gauge needle is not moving.

- 7. Turn the flare nut on the 3-way valve45° counterclockwise for 6-7 seconds. Once gas begins to come out, tighten the flare nut. Make sure the pressure display on the pressure indicator is higher than atmospheric pressure. Then remove the charge hose from the 3-way valve.
- 8. Fully open the 2-wayand 3-way valves and securely tighten the cap on the 3-way valve.

2. Adding refrigerant if the pipe length exceeds chargeless pipe length



Procedure:

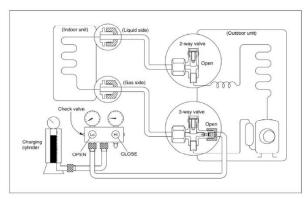
1) Connect the charge hose to the charging cylinder and open the 2-way and 3-way valves. With the charge hose you disconnected from the vacuum pump, connect it to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder.

If the refrigerant is R410A, place the cylinder bottom-up to ensure liquid charging is possible.

- 2). Purge the air from the charge hose. Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set (be careful of the liquid refrigerant).
- 3) Place the charging cylinder onto the electronic scale and record the weight.
- 4) Turn on the air conditioner in cooling mode.
- 5) Open the valves (Low side) on the charge set. Charge the system with liquid refrigerant.
- 6). When the electronic scale displays the proper weight (refer to the table), disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port immediately and turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.
- 7). Mount the valve stem caps and the service port Use a torque wrench to tighten the service port cap to a torque of 18N.m(13.27 ft-lbs).

Be sure to check for gas leaks.

4.5 Adding Refrigerant after Long-Term System Operation



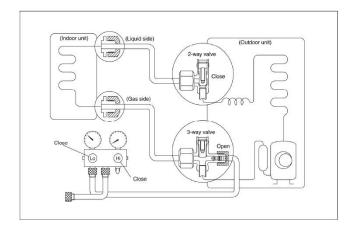
Procedure

- 1) Connect the charge hose to the 3-way service port and open the 2-way and 3-way valve. Connect the charge hose to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder. If the refrigerant is R410A, place the cylinder bottom-up to ensure liquid charge.
- 2). Purge the air from the charge hose. Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set to purge the air (be careful of the liquid refrigerant).
- 3) Place the charging cylinder onto the electronic scale and record the weight.
- 4) Turn on the air conditioner in cooling mode.
- 5) Open the valves (Low side)on the charge set and charge the system with liquid refrigerant.
- 6). When the electronic scale displays the proper weight (refer to the gauge and the pressure of the low side), disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port immediately and turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.
- 7). Mount the valve stem caps and the service port. Use torque wrench to tighten the service port cap to a torque of 18N.m(13.27 ft·lbs).

Be sure to check for gas leaks.

4.6 Procedure when servicing the indoor unit refrigeration circuit.

Collecting the refrigerant into the outdoor unit



Procedure

1). Confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the opened position

Remove the valve stem caps and confirm that the valve stems are in the opened position.

Be sure to use a hexagonal wrench to operate the valve stems.

- 2). Connect the charge hose with the push pin of handle lo to the 3-way valves gas service port.
- 3). Air purging of the charge hose.

Open the handle Lo valve of the manifold valve slightly to purge air from the charge hose for 5 seconds and then close it quickly.

- 4). Set t e 2-way valve to the close position.
- 5). Operate the air conditioner at the cooling cycle and stop it when the gauge indicates 0.1MPa.
- 6). Set the 3-way valve to the closed position immediately

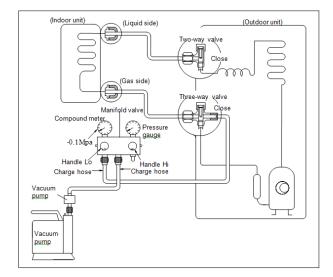
Do this quickly so that the gauge ends up indicating 0.3 to 0.5Mpa.

Disconnect the charge set, and tighten the 2-way and 3-way valve's stem nuts.

Use a torque wrench to tighten the 3-way valves service port cap to a torque of 18N.m.

Be sure to check for gas leakage.

2. Air purging with vacuum pump



- Completely tighten the flare nuts of the indoor and outdoor units, confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the closed position.
- Connect the charge hose with the push pin of handle lo to the 3-way valves gas service port.
- 3) Connect the charge hose of handle hi connection to the vacuum pump.
- 4) Fully open the handle Lo of the manifold valve.
- 5) Operate the vacuum pump to evacuate.
- 6) Make evacuation for 30 minutes and check whether the compound meter indicates 0.1Mpa. If the meter does not indicate 0.1Mpa after pumping 30 minutes, it should be pumped 20 minutes more. If the pressure can't achieve -0.1Mpa after pumping 50 minutes, please check if there are some leakage points.

Fully close the handle Lo valve of the manifold valve and stop the operation of the vacuum pump. Confirm that the gauge needle does not move (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).

 Turn the flare nut of the 3-way valves about 45° counterclockwise for 6 or 7seconds after the gas

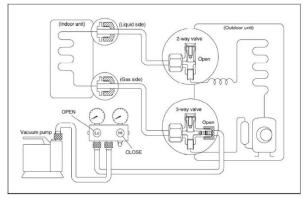
coming out, then tighten the flare nut again. Make sure the pressure display in the pressure indicator is a little higher than the atmosphere pressure. Then remove the charge hose from the 3 way valve.

8) Fully open the 2 way valve and 3 way valve

and securely tighten the cap of the 3 way valve.

4.7 Evacuation after servicing the outdoor unit refrigeration circuit

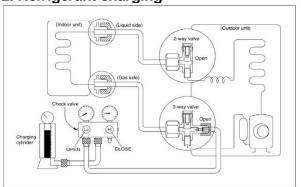
1. Evacuation of the complete refrigeration circuit, Indoor and outdoor unit.



Procedure:

- 1). Confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the opened position.
- 2). Connect the vacuum pump to 3-way valve's service port.
- 3). Evacuation for approximately one hour. Confirm that the compound meter indicates 0.1Mpa (500 Microns / 29.9 in,hg).
- 4). Close the valve (Low side) on the charge set, turn off the vacuum pump, and confirm that the gauge needle does not move (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).
- 5). Disconnect the charge hose from the vacuum pump.

2. Refrigerant charging



Procedure:

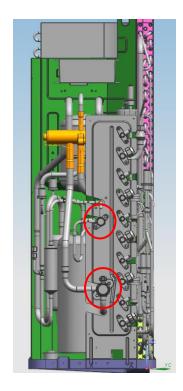
1). Connect the charge hose to the charging cylinder, open the 2-way valve and the 3-way valve.

Connect the charge hose which you disconnected from the vacuum pump to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder. If the refrigerant is R410A, make the cylinder bottom up to ensure liquid charge.

- 2). Purge the air from the charge hose Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set to purge the air (be careful of the liquid refrigerant).
- 3) Put the charging cylinder onto the electronic scale and record the weight.
- 4). Open the valves (Low side) on the charge set and charge the system with liquid refrigerant If the system cannot be charge with the specified amount of refrigerant, or can be charged with a little at a time (approximately 150g each time), operating the air conditioner in the cooling cycle; however, one time is not sufficient, wait approximately 1 minute and then repeat the procedure.
- 5). When the electronic scale displays the proper weight, disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port immediately
- If the system has been charged with liquid refrigerant while operating the air conditioner, turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.
- 6). Mounted the valve stem caps and the service port. Use torque wrench to tighten the service port cap to a torque of 18N·m (13.27 ft·lbs). Always leak check after servicing the refrigerant system.

For CVH-48-5SH

There are one low-pressure centralized valve and one high-pressure centralized valve, it will be more time saving when vacuum and recycle refrigerant. But refer to the previous instruction when vacuum and recycle refrigerant.



5. Electronic Function

5.1 Abbreviation

T1: Indoor ambient temperature

T2: Middle indoor heat exchanger coil temperature

T2B: Indoor heat exchanger exhaust coil temperature (located on the outdoor unit)

T3: Outdoor heat exchanger pipe temperature

T4: Outdoor ambient temperature

T5: Compressor discharge temperature

5.2 Electric Control Working Environment.

5.2.1 Input voltage: 230V.

5.2.2 Input power frequency: 60Hz.

5.2.3 Indoor fan standard working amp.: <1A

5.2.4 Outdoor fan standard working amp.: <1.5A.

5.2.5 Four-way valve standard amp.: <1A.

5.3 Main Protection

5.3.1 Compressor Restart Delay

---- The compressor takes 1 minute to start up the first time. Further restarts take 3 minutes.

5.3.2 Temperature Protection of Compressor Discharge.

When the discharge temperature of the compressor rises, the running frequency is limited according to the following rules:

----If 105° C (221 °F) \leq T5<110°C (230 °F), maintain the current frequency.

----If the temperature increase and T5≥110°C (230°F), decrease the frequency to a lower level every 2 minutes till to F1.

---If $T5 \ge 115$ °C (239 °F) for 10 seconds, the compressor stops and then restart until T5<90°C (194 °F).

5.3.3 Fan Speed Malfunction

---- If outdoor fan speed is lower than 100RPM or higher than 2400RPM for 60 seconds or more, the unit stops and LED displays failure code.

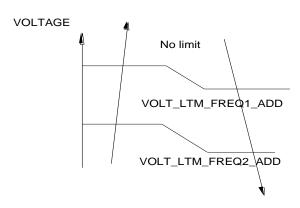
5.3.4 Inverter Module Protection.

---- The inverter protection module ensures that faults related to current, voltage, or temperature does not damage the inverter.

If these protections are triggered, the A/C unit stops and the LED displays the failure code.

The unit restarts 3 minutes after the protection mechanism has turned off.

5.3.5 Low Voltage Protection

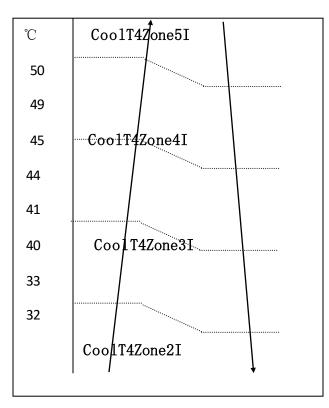


Note: If low voltage protection triggers and voltage is not restored to normal within 3 minutes, the protection remains active even after a machine restart.

5.3.6 Compressor Current Limit Protection

The temperature interval for the current limit is the same as the range of the T4 frequency limit.

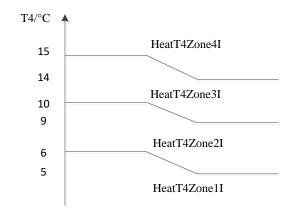
Cooling mode:



CoolReturnI	The difference between current limit and shutdown current					
CoolT4Zone5I	Cooling T4≥50°C current limit value					
CoolT4Zone4I	Cooling 49>T4≥45°C current limit value					
CoolT4Zone3I	Cooling 44>T4≥41°C current limit value					
CoolT4Zone2l	Cooling 40 > T4≥33°C current limit value					
CoolT4Zone1I	Cooling 32>T4°Ccurrent limit value					
CoolStopI	Cooling stop protection current value					

Heating mode:

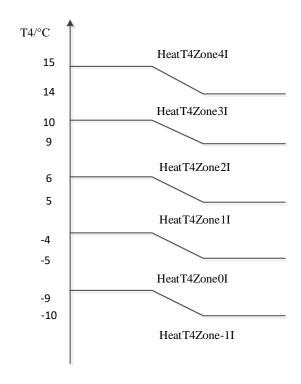
For other models,



HeatReturnI	The difference between current
	limit

	and shutdown current
HeatT4Zone4l	Heating T4≥15°Ccurrent limit
	value
HeatT4Zone3l	Heating 14°C>T4≥10°C
	current limit value
HeatT4Zone2l	Heating 9°C>T4≥6°C current
	limit value
HeatT4Zone1I	Heating 5°C>T4 current limit
	value
HeatStopI	Heating stop protection current
	value

For CVH-36-4SH, CMZ-54-5Z, CVH-48-5SH,



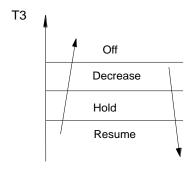
HeatReturnI	The difference between current limit and shutdown current						
HeatT4Zone4I	Heating T4≥15°Ccurrent limit value						
HeatT4Zone3I	Heating 14°C>T4≥10°C current limit value						
HeatT4Zone2I	Heating 9°C>T4≥6°C current limit value						
HeatT4Zone1I	Heating 5°C>T4≥-4°C current limit value						
HeatT4Zone0I	Heating -5°C>T4≥-9°C current limit value						
HeatT4Zone- 1I	Heating -10°C>T4 current limit						

	value
HeatStopI	Heating stop protection current value

5.3.7 Indoor / Outdoor Units Communication Protection

If the indoor units do not receive the feedback signal from the outdoor units for 2 consecutive minutes, the unit stops. The unit displays the failure code.

5.3.8 High Condenser Coil Temp. Protection



5.3.9 Outdoor Unit Anti-Freezing Protection

When T2<4°C for 250seconds or T2<0°C, the indoor unit capacity demand is zero and resumes normal operation when T2>8°C and the protection time is no less than 3 minutes.

5.3.10 Oil Return

Rules for Operation

- 1. If the compressor frequency continues to be lower than the frequency set for setting time, the unit raises the frequency to the frequency set for setting time and then resumes with the former frequency.
- 2. The EXV continues at 300p while indoor units maintain their operation.

If the outdoor ambient temperature is higher than the set frequency during oil return, the unit stops the oil return process.

5.3.11 Low Outdoor Ambient Temperature Protection

When the compressor is off and T4 is lower than - 35°C for 10 seconds, the unit stops and displays "LP" or "PC0L"

When the compressor is on and T4 remains lower than -40°C for 10 seconds, the unit stops and displays "LP" or "PC0L"

When T4 is no lower than -32°C for 10 seconds, the unit exits protection.

5.4 Control and Functions

5.4.1 Capacity Request Calculation

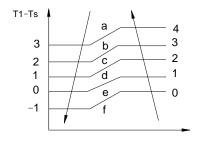
For Old Console series, Old Duct/Cassette/Floor Ceiling, Old Vertu/Luna Series:

Total capacity Request= Σ (Norm code × HP) /10× modify rate+ correction

For All new models(New Wall mounted(Hi-Wall) series, New Duct/Cassette/Console/Floor Ceiling):

Total capacity Request= $\Sigma(Norm code \times HP) /40 \times modify rate+ correction <math>\Sigma$

Cooling Mode:



Capacity area	а	b	С	d	е	f
Norm code (N)	3	2	1.5	1	0.5	0

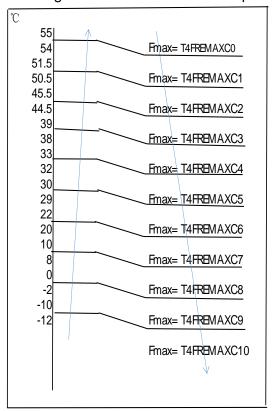
Model	9K	12K	12K 18K	
HP	1.0	1.2	1.5	2.5

Note: The final result is an integer.

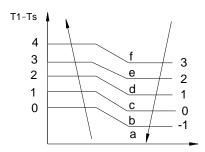
Use the following table and final capacity request to confirm the operating frequency.

Frequency (Hz)	0	COO L_F1	COO L_F2	 COOL _F24	COO L_F2 5
Amendatory capacity demand.	0	1	2	 24	25

The maximum running frequency is adjusted according to the outdoor ambient temperature



Heating Mode



Capacity area	а	b	С	d	е	f
Norm code (N)	3	2	1.5	1	0.5	0

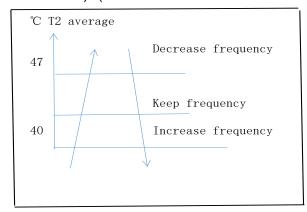
Model	9K	12K	18K	24K

HP	1.0	1.2	1.5	2.5

Note: The final result is an integer.

Then modify it according to a T2 average (correction):

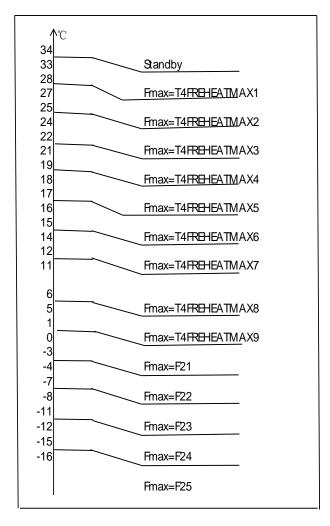
Note: Average value of T2: Sum T2 value of all indoor units)/ (indoor units number



Use the following table and final capacity request to confirm the operating frequency.

Frequency (Hz)	0	HEAT _F1	HEAT _F2	 HEAT _F24	HEAT _F25
Amendatory capacity demand.	0	1	2	 24	25

The maximum running frequency is adjusted according to the outdoor ambient temperature



5.4.2 Defrosting Control

Conditions for Defrosting:

After the compressor starts and enters normal operation, mark the minimum value of T3 from the 10th to 15th minute as T30.

If any one of the following conditions is satisfied, the unit enters defrosting mode:

- 1) If the compressor's cumulative running time reaches 29 minutes and T3< TCDI1 and T3+ T30SUBT3ONE≤T30.
- 2) If the compressor cumulative running time reaches 35 minutes and T3< TCDI2 and T3+ T30SUBT3TWO≤T30.
- 3) If the compressor cumulative running time reaches 40 minutes and T3< -24C for 3 minutes.

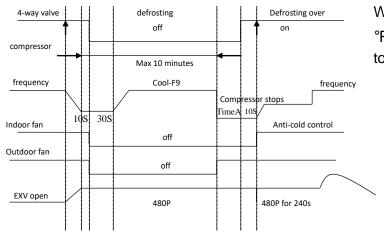
- 4) If the compressor cumulative running time reaches 120 minutes and T3<-15°C.
- 5) If the air conditioner is shut down from heating mode, it will enter defrost if any of the following conditions are met (this condition can be shielded by parameters):
- a) The continuous operation time of the press exceeds 30 minutes, and T3<-7 degrees;
- b) The continuous operation time of the press is more than 30 minutes, and T30<-15 degrees;
- 6) For the first defrosting when the machine is turned on, after the compressor has been running for 30 minutes, when T4-T3> (0.5T4 + KDELTT_ADD) and T3 < TCDIN5_ADD, it will immediately enter the defrosting action. After performing this defrosting action once, this rule will be invalid until the next restarting operation.
- 7) If any one of the following conditions is satisfied, the unit enters defrosting mode,
- a) If T3 or T4 is lower than -3°C for 30 seconds,Ts-T1 is lower than 5°C and compressor running time is more than DEFROST_COND6_IN_TIM.
- b) If T3 or T4 is lower than -3°C for 30 seconds and compressor running time is more than DEFROST_COND6_IN_TIM +30.

Defrost Stop Conditions

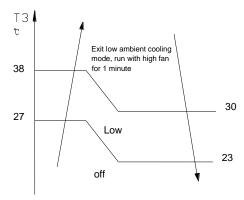
If any one of the following conditions is satisfied, defrosting ends and the unit returns to normal heating mode:

- ----T3 rises above than TCDE1°C.
- ----T3 remains at TCDE2°C or above for 80 seconds.
- ----The machine runs for 10 consecutive minutes in defrosting mode.

Defrosting Action:



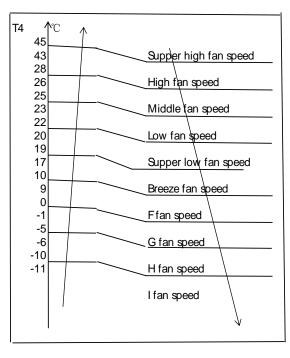
When T3≥38 °C (100.4 °F) or when T4≥15 °C (59 °F), the outdoor fan chooses a speed according to T4 again.



5.4.3 Outdoor Fan Control

5.4.3.1 Cooling Mode

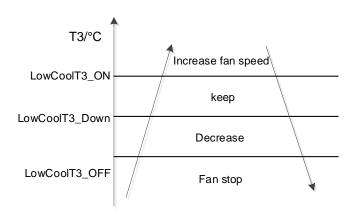
Under normal operating conditions, the system chooses the running fan speed according to the ambient temperature:



When low ambient cooling is in effect::

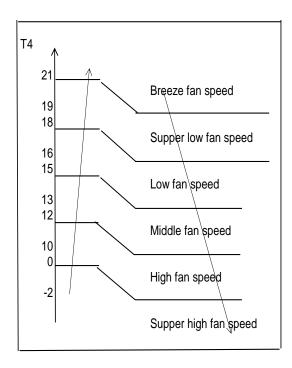
Outdoor fan speed control logic (low ambient cooling)

When T4 <15 °C (59 °F) and T3 < 30 °C (86 °F), the unit enters into low ambient cooling mode. The outdoor fan chooses a speed according to T3.



5.4.3.2 Heating Mode

Under normal operating conditions, the system chooses a running fan speed according to ambient temperature:



5.4.4 Electronic Expansion Valve (EXV) For CVH-48-5SH,

- 1. After the outdoor unit is powered on again, the EXV is first closed -520P, and then in standby mode (if the current mode is heating mode, the initial heating degree is run, otherwise the initial cooling degree is run, and the internal machine is not connected. deal with 7k unit). The main valve first opens 510P, then opens 530P, and then is in the standby state (if the current outdoor mode is the heating mode or the standby mode, it maintains 0P, and the cooling mode opens to the initial cooling opening). The EVI valve opens 510P first, then 530P, then the counter is cleared to 0P.
- 2. After the compressor is stopped,
- 2.1 If the EVI valve has a valve opening action before the stop, the PMV_CLOSE_EE step is closed in the reverse direction after the stop, and then the EXV opening counter is cleared to 0P. If the EVI valve does not operate before the stop, 0P will be maintained.
- 2.2 Reverse the valve to close the PMV_CLOSE_EE step (after closing the valve to the 0P, and then continue to run PMV_CLOSE_EE in the valve closing direction, the EXV opening counter is cleared. If the current opening is 300P, go to the valve Run the 320P in the closing direction to close the EXV.), then in the standby state (if the current outdoor mode is the heating mode, the initial heating opening is

run, otherwise the initial cooling opening is run, and the internal machine is not connected. deal with 7k unit).

2.3 Main EXV action: When the compressor is off, the main EXV keeps the opening degree when the compressor is turned off within the first 90 seconds. If it is currently heating mode, -20P, clear and keep 0P, otherwise adjust to 480P.

3. Other EXV(except for EVI valve) cannot be operated at the same time. The action priority order is A-B-C-D-E-main valve. The EVI valve can be operated together with other EXV.

For other models, Control

- 1. EXV remains fully closed while the device is powering up. EXV then remains on standby with 350P open. It opens to the target angle after the compressor starts.
- 2. EXV closes with -40P when the compressor stops. Then it remains on standby with 350P open. It opens to the target angle after the compressor starts.
- 3. The action priority for the EXVs is A-B-C-D-E.
- 4. The compressor and outdoor fan commence operation only after EXV initializes.

5.4.4.1 Cooling Mode

The initial open angle of the EXV depends on the size of the indoor model. The adjustment range is 100-400p.

When the unit has been running for 3 minutes, the outdoor receives indoor units' capacity demand and T2B information and then calculates their average. After comparing each indoor's T2B with the average, the outdoor gives the following modification commands:

- ---- If the T2B>average, the relevant valve needs to open 16p more
- ---- If the T2B= average, the relevant valve's open range remains as is
- ---- If the T2B < average, the relevant valve needs to close 16p more

This modification is carried out every 2 minutes.

5.4.4.2 Heating Mode

The initial open angle of the EXV depends on the size of the indoor model. The adjustment range is 150-350p.

When the unit has been running for 3 minutes, the outdoor unit receives the indoor units' indoor units' capacity demand and T2 information and then calculates their average.

After comparing each indoor unit's T2 with the average, the outdoor gives the following modification commands:

- ----If the T2 > average+2, the relevant valve needs to close 16p more
- ---- If average+2≥the T2≥ average-2, the relevant valve's open range remains as is
- ----If the T2<average-2, the relevant valve needs to open 16p more

This modification is carried out every 2 minutes.

5.4.5 Four-Way Valve Control

In heating mode, a four-way valve is opened.

In defrosting, a four-way valve operates according to the current defrosting action.

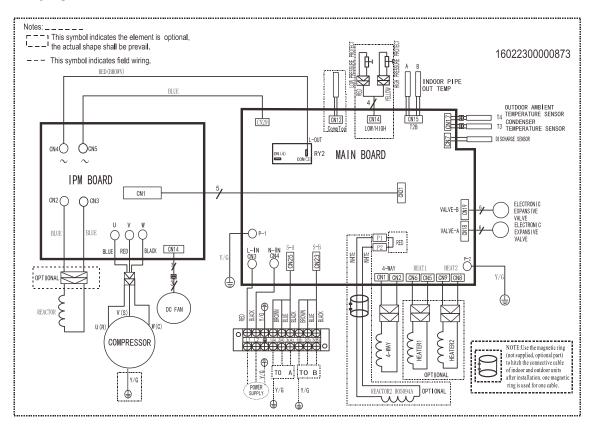
In other modes, a four-way valve is closed.

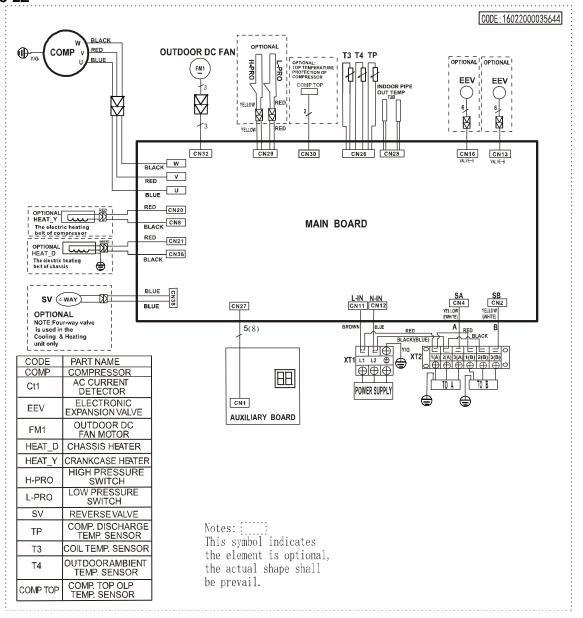
When the unit is switched from heating to other modes, the four-way valve turns off after the compressor has been off for 2 consecutive minutes.

Failure or protection (excluding discharge temperature protection and high/low pressure protection) causes the four-way valve to immediately shut down.

6. Wiring Diagrams

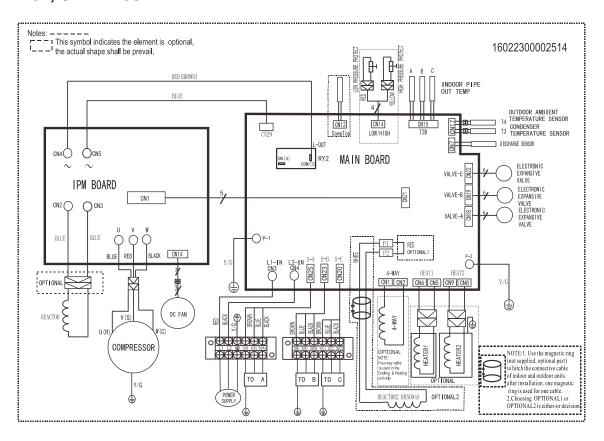
6.1 Wiring diagram of 1 drive 2 outdoor CVH-18-2SH



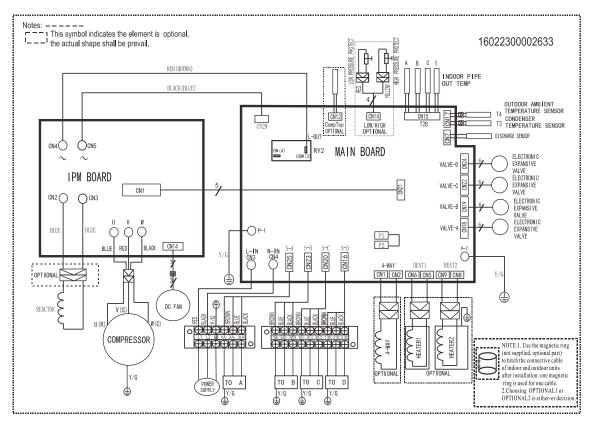


6.2 Wiring diagram of 1 drive 3 outdoor

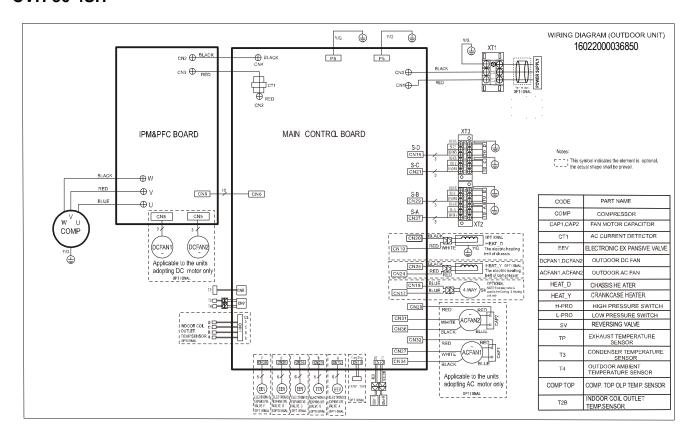
CMZ-27-3Z, CVH-27-3SH



6.3 Wiring diagram of 1 drive 4 outdoor CMZ-48-4Z

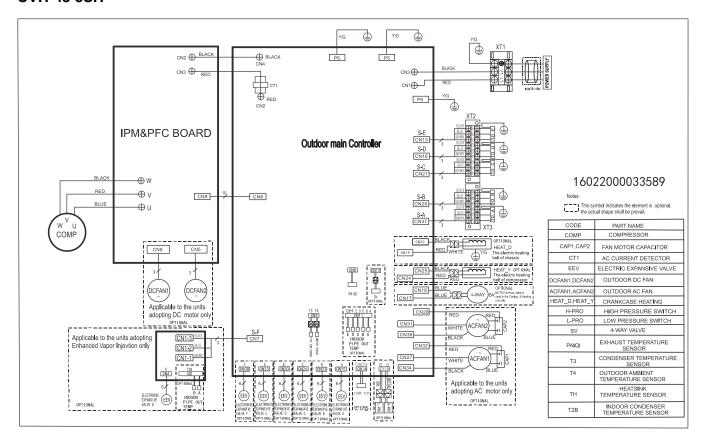


CVH-36-4SH

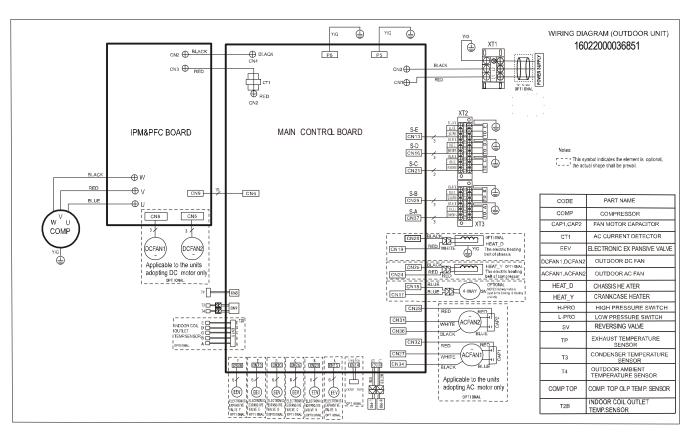


6.4 Wiring diagram of 1 drive 5 outdoor

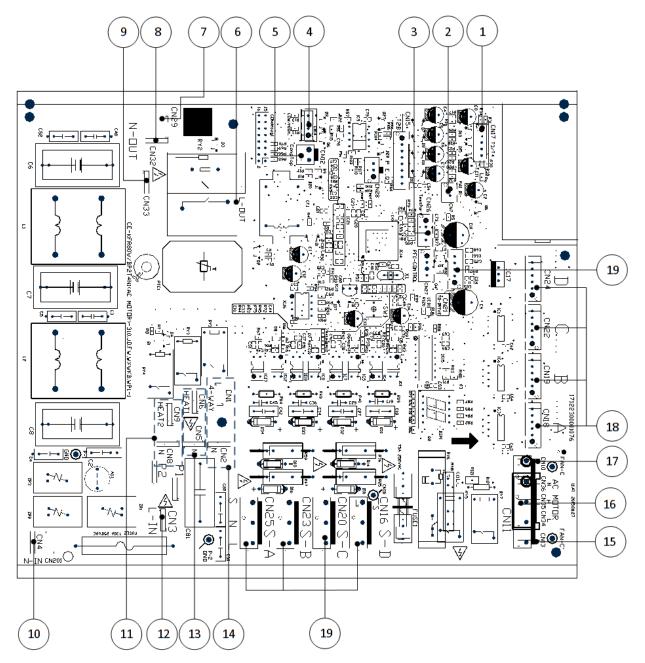
CVH-48-5SH



CMZ-54-5Z



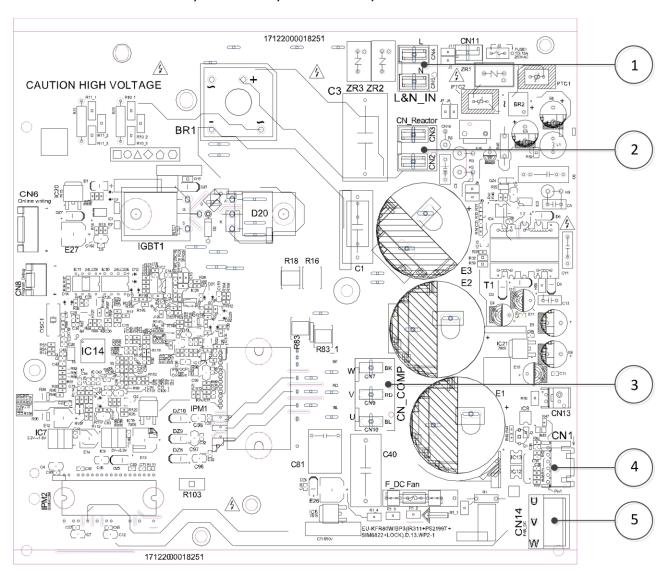
PCB board of CVH-18-2SH, CMZ-27-3Z, CVH-27-3SH, CMZ-48-4Z



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	T3/T4	CN17	T3: condenser temperature sensor T4: outdoor ambient temperature sensor
2	CN7	CN7	connect to discharge sensor
3	TESTPORT	CN26	connect to DR board CN1
4	LOW/HIGH	CN14	Red: low pressure protect

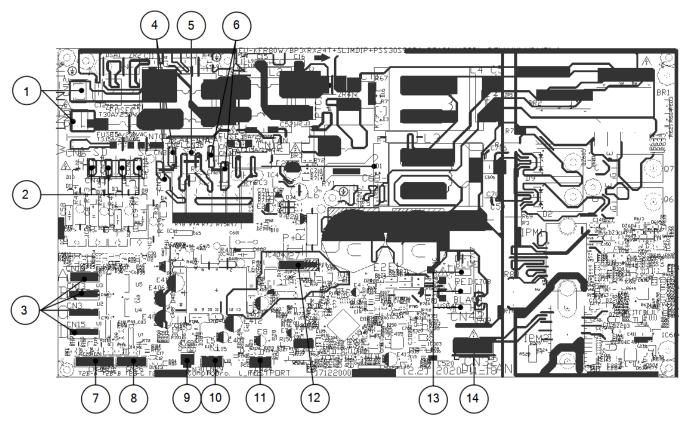
			Yellow: high pressure protect
5	Comp Top	CN12	compressor top temperature sensor
6	L-OUT	L-OUT	connect to IPM board CN4
7	N-OUT	N-OUT	connect to IPM board CN5
8	CN32	CN32	connect to DR board CN5
9	CN33	CN33	connect to DR board CN5
10	N-in	CN4	N_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
11	HEAT2	CN8/CN9	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
12	L-in	CN3	L_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
13	HEAT1	CN5/CN6	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
14	4-way	CN1/CN2	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
15	Fan-C	CN13	connect to fan capacitor
16	Outdoor AC Fan	CN11	connect to outdoor AC fan
17	Fan-C	CN10	connect to fan capacitor
		CN18	connect to Electric Expansion Valve A
18	Electronic Expansion	CN19	connect to Electric Expansion Valve B
	valve	CN22	connect to Electric Expansion Valve C
		CN24	connect to Electric Expansion Valve D
	S-A	CN25	Current loop communication A, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
19	S-B	CN23	Current loop communication B, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
	S-C	CN20	Current loop communication C, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
	S-D	CN16	Current loop communication D, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)

IPM board of CVH-18-2SH, CMZ-27-3Z, CVH-27-3SH, CMZ-48-4Z



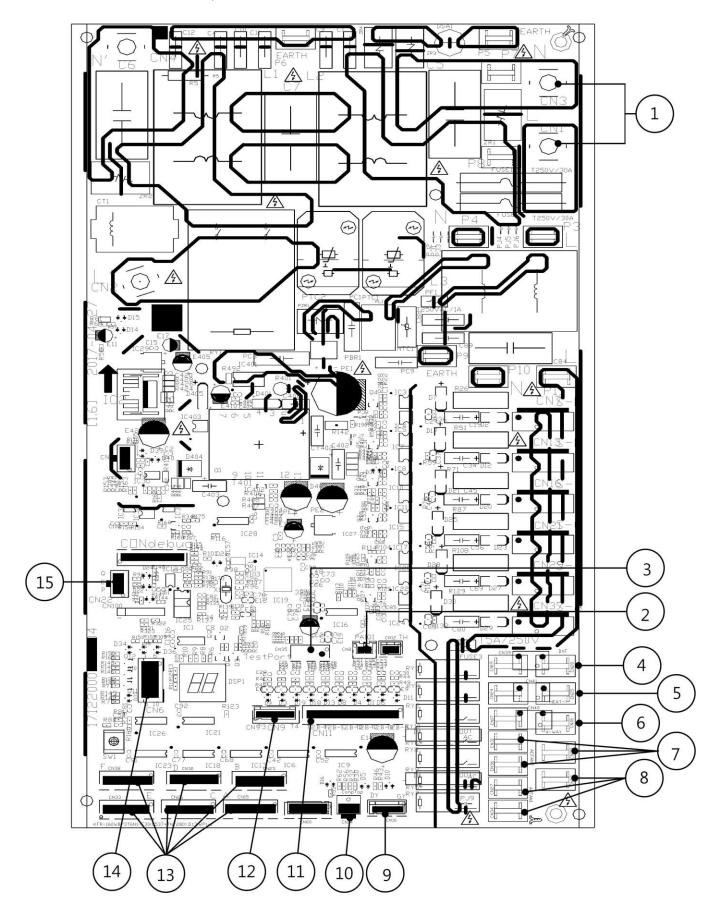
No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	CN4	CN4	connect to main board L-Out
	CN5	CN5	connect to main board N-Out
2	CN_Reactor	CN2/CN3	connect to reactor
3	CN_COMP	CN_COMP	connect to compressor
4	CN1	CN1	connect to main board CN21
5	AN_DC	CN14	connect to outdoor DC fan

PCB board of CMZ-18-2Z

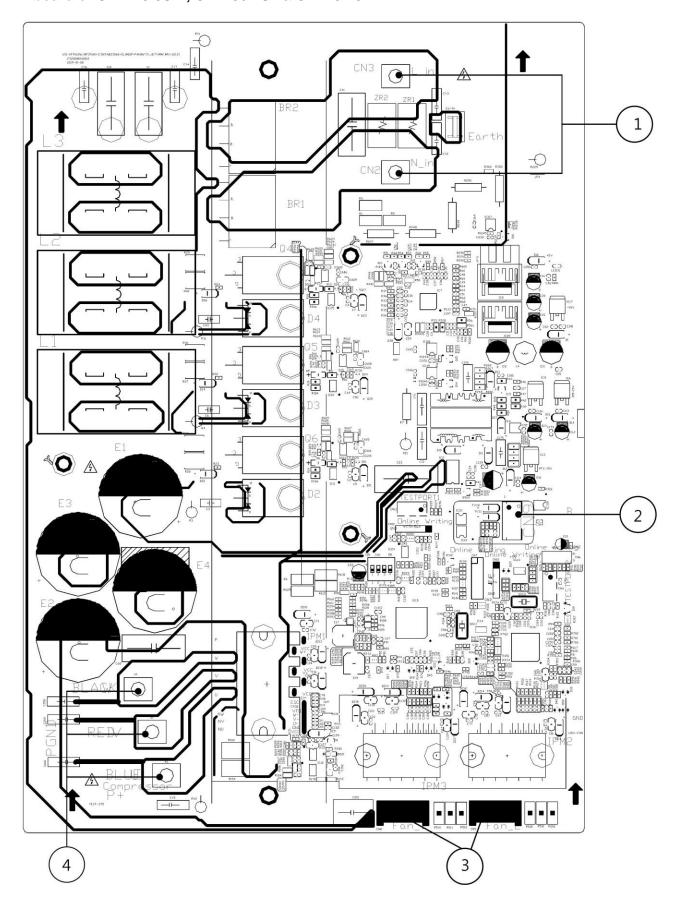


Name	CN#	Meaning
Power Supply	CN11	L_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
	CN12	N_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
	CN4	connect to Electric Expansion Valve A
Electronic Expansion	CN2	connect to Electric Expansion Valve B
valve	CN34	connect to Electric Expansion Valve C
	CN5	connect to Electric Expansion Valve D
S-A	CN10	
S-B	CN13	S: connect to indoor unit communication(pin1-pin2: 24VDC Pulse wave;
S-C	CN3	pin2-pin3: 208-230V AC input)
S-D	CN15	
HEAT_D	CN21/CN36	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
4-way	CN38	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
HEAT_Y	CN8/CN20	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
T2B	CN28	connect to evaporator coil outlet temperature sensor T2B
	Electronic Expansion valve S-A S-B S-C S-D HEAT_D 4-way HEAT_Y	CN11

8	T3 T4 TP	CN26	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4, exhaust temp. sensor TP
9	OLP TEMP. SENSOR	CN30	connect to compressor top temp. sensor (5VDC Pulse wave)
10	H-PRO,L-RPO	CN29	connect to high and low pressure swtich(pin1-pin2&pin3-pin4:5VDC pulse wave)
11	TESTPORT	CN24	used for testing
12	/	CN27	connect to key board CN1



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning		
1	Power Supply	CN1	L1_in: connect to L1-line (230V AC input)		
'	CN3		L2_in: connect to L2-line (230V AC input)		
2	TP	CN8	Exhaust temp. sensor TP		
3	TESTPORT	CN35	used for testing		
4	HEAT1	CN19/CN20	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON		
5	HEAT2	CN24/CN25	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON		
6	4-WAY	CN17/ CN18	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.		
7	AC-FAN2	CN28/ CN31/ CN36	connect to AC fan2		
8	AC-FAN1	CN27/ CN32/ CN34	connect to AC fan1		
9	H-PRO,L-RPO	CN10	connect to high and low pressure swtich(pin1-pin2&pin3-pin4:5VDC pulse wave)		
10	OLP TEMP. SENSOR	CN14	connect to compressor top temp. sensor (5VDC Pulse wave)		
11	T2B	CN11	connect to pipe temp. sensor T2B		
12	T3 T4	CN9	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4		
		CN15	connect to Electric Expansion Valve A		
		CN23	connect to Electric Expansion Valve B		
	Electronic Expansion	CN26	connect to Electric Expansion Valve C		
13	valve	CN30	connect to Electric Expansion Valve D		
		CN33	connect to Electric Expansion Valve E		
		CN38	connect to Electric Expansion Valve F		
14	/	CN6	connect to IPM&PFC board CN9		
15	PQE	CN22	485 communication		



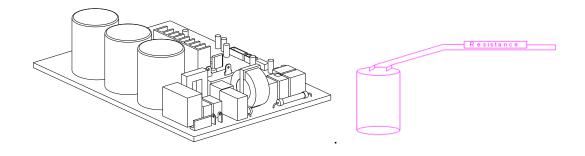
No.	Name	CN#	Meaning	
1	Power Supply	CN3	connect to main board L-Out	
		CN2	connect to main board N-Out	
2	/	CN9	Connect to main PCB CN6	
3	FAN_DC	FAN_1/FAN_2	connect to outdoor DC fan 1& DC fan 2	
		U1		
4	CN_COMP	V1	Connect to compressor	
		W1		

7. Troubleshooting

7.1Safety

Electricity is stored in capacitors, even when the power supply is shut off. Do not forget to discharge the electricity in the capacitors.

The value of resistance is about 1500 ohm to 2000 ohm



Electrolytic Capacitors

(HIGH VOLTAGE! CAUTION!)

Bulb (25-40W)

The voltage in P3 and P4 in outdoor PCB is high voltage about 310V

The voltage in P5 and P6 in outdoor PCB is high voltage about 310V

7.2 Indoor Unit Error Display

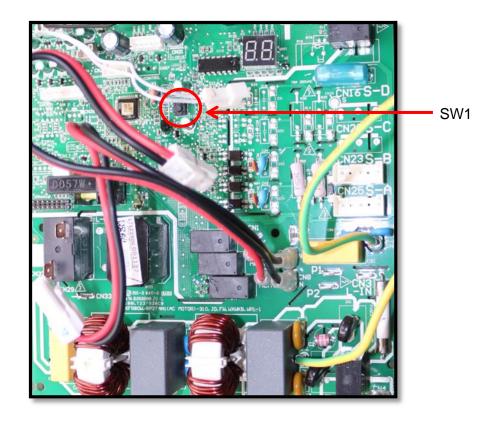
Operation lamp	Timer lamp	Display	LED STATUS	ODU Error	
★ 1 time	X	EH 00/EH 0A	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error		
★ 2 times	Х	EL 01	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units	E2	
★ 4 times	X	EH 03	Indoor fan speed malfunction		
★ 6 times	X	EH 60	Indoor room temperature sensor (T1) malfunction		
★ 6 times	Χ	EH 61	Evaporator coil temperature sensor (T2) malfunction		
★ 1 time	*	PC 08	Current overload protection		
★ 5 times	X	EC 53	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor (T4) malfunction	E4	
★ 5 times	X	EC 52	Condenser coil temperature sensor (T3) malfunction	E4	
★ 5 times	X	EC 54	Compressor discharge temperature sensor (T5) malfunction	E4	
★ 5 times	X	EC 51	Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error	E0	
★ 12 times	X	EC 07	Outdoor fan speed malfunction	E8	
★ 5 times	Х	EC 56	Indoor coil outlet pipe sensor(Located on outdoor unit low pressure valve)		
★ 9 times	Х	EH 0b	Indoor PCB/Display board communication error		
★ 8 times	Х	EL 0C	Refrigerant leakage detection		
★ 7 times	*	PC 00	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction	P6	
★ 2 times	*	PC 01	Over-voltage or under-voltage protection	E5	
★ 3 times	*	PC 02	High temperature protection of compressor top(OLP)/ High temperature protection of IPM board		
★4 times	*	PC 0L	Low ambient temperature protection	LP	
★ 5 times	*	PC 04	Compressor drive malfunction		
★ 1 time	•		Indoor units mode conflict		
★ 7 times	*	PC 03	Low pressure protection	P2	
★ flash , ● light, X extinguished					

7.3 Outdoor Unit Display

7.3.1 Outdoor Unit Point Check Function

A check switch is included on the outdoor PCB.

Push SW1 to check the unit's status while running. The digital display shows the following codes each time the SW1 is pushed.



Number of	Display	Remark			
Presses 0	Normal display	Displays running	frequenc	y, running state, or malfu	ınction code
1	Quantity of indoor units with working connection	Actual data	· · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
	,		Display	Number of indoor unit	
			1	1	
			2	2	
			3	3	
			4	4	
			5	5	
2	Outdoor unit running mode code	Off: 0,Fan only: 1, defrost:A	Cooling: 2	, Heating: 3, Forced cooling	: 4. Forced
3	Indoor unit A capacity				
4	Indoor unit B capacity	The capacity unit is	s harsa na	wer. If the indoor unit is not o	connected the
5	Indoor unit C capacity	digital display shov	vs the follo	wing: "——"	connected, tire
6	Indoorunit D capacity	(9K:1HP,12K:1.2HI	P,18K:1.5F	IP,24K:2.0HP)	
7	Indoor unit E capacity				
8	Indoor unit A capacity demand code				
9	Indoor unit B capacity demand code				
10	Indoor unit C capacity demand code	Norm code*HP (9K: 1HP,12K: 1.2F	IP 18K· 1 !	5HP 24K·2 0HP)	
11	Indoor unit D capacity demand code	(0.0. 1111 , 1210 1.21	, 1014. 1.4	,	
12	Indoorunit E capacity demand code				
13	Outdoor unit amendatory capacity demand code				
14	The frequency corresponding to the total indoor				

	units' amendatory capacity demand					
15	The frequency after the frequency limit					
16	The frequency sending to compressor control chip					
17	Indoor unit A evaporator outlet temperature $(T_{2B}A)$					
18	Indoor unit Bevaporator outlet temperature (T ₂₈ B)					
19	Indoorunit C evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} C)	If the temperature is lower than -9 °C, the digital display shows "-9." If the				
20	Indoor unit D evaporator outlet temperature	temperature is higher than 70 °C, the digital display shows "70." If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display shows: "——"				
21	$(T_{2B}D)$ Indoor unit E evaporator outlet temperature $(T_{2B}E)$. Indoording	o not commodica, and a ignar a lopialy one we	•		
22	Indoorunit A room temperature (T ₁ A)	If the tempe	rature is lowerthan 0 °C, the digital displa	yshows "0." If the		
23	Indoor unit B room temperature (T ₁ B)		e is higher than 50 °C, the digital displaysl			
24	Indoorunit C room temperature (T ₁ C)	indoor unit i	s not connected, the digital display shows	. ""		
25	Indoorunit D room temperature (T ₁ D)					
26	Indoorunit E room temperature (T ₁ E)					
27	Indoor unit A evaporator temperature (T ₂ A)					
28	Indoor unit Bevaporator temperature (T ₂ B)					
29	Indoorunit C evaporator temperature (T ₂ C)	If the temperature is lower than -9 °C, the digital display shows "-9." If				
30	Indoorunit D evaporator temperature (T ₂ D)	if the temperature is lower than -9°C, the digital display shows -9. If the temperature is higher than 70°C, the digital display shows "70." If the				
31	Indoor unit E evaporator temperature (T ₂ E)	indoor unit is not connected, the digital display shows: ""				
32	Condenser pipe temperature (T3)					
33	Outdoor ambient temperature (T4)					
34	Compressor discharge temperature (TP)	The display value is between 30–129 °C. If the temperature is lower than				
			igital display shows "30." If the temperatur	-		
		_	al display shows single and double digits. ay shows "0.5", the compressor discharge	•		
		°C.	ay shows 6.6 , are compressed alcohalge	tompolataro io 100		
35	AD value of current	The display	value is a hex number.	aana AD valua ia		
36	AD value of voltage	For example, the digital display tube shows "Cd", it means AD value is 205.				
37	EXV open angle for A indoor unit					
38	EXV open angle for Bindoorunit	Actual data/4. If the value is higher than 99, the digital display shows single and double				
39	EXV open angle for C indoor unit	digits.	e, if the digital display shows "2.0", the EX	· ·		
40	EXV open angle for D indoor unit	120×4=480p		v open angle is		
41	EXV open angle for E indoor unit			_		
		Bit7	Frequency limit caused by IGBT radiator	The display value is a hexidecimal		
		Bit6	Frequency limit caused by PFC	number. For		
		Bit5	Frequency limit caused by T4.	example, the digital display		
42	Frequencylimitsymbol	Bit4	Frequency limit caused by T2.	show 2A, then Bit5=1, Bit3=1,		
		Bit3	Frequency limit caused by T3.	and Bit1=1.		
		Bit2	Frequency limit caused by T5.	This means that a frequency limit		
		Bit1	Frequency limit caused by current	may be caused by T4, T3, or the		
		Bit0	Frequency limit caused by voltage	current.		
43	Average value of T2	(Sum T2 val	lue of all in door units)/(number of indoor u	nits in good		
44	Outdoor unit fan motor state	Off: 0, Super high speed: 1, High speed: 2, Med speed: 3, Low speed: 4, Breeze: 5, Super breeze: 6				
45	The last error or protection code		o malfunction and protection			
	ı	1				

46	F indoor unit capacity	
47	F indoor unit capacity demand code	
48	F indoorunit evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} F)	
49	F indoor unit room temperature (T₁F)	
50	F indoor unit evaporator temperature (T ₂ F)	
51	EXV open angle for Findoor unit	
52	Reason of stop	
53	EVI valve target angle(only for CVH-48- 5SH)	Actual data/4.
54	EVI valve open angle(only for CVH-48-5SH)	If the value is higher than 99, the digital display tube will show single digit and tens digit.
55		
	EVI valve angle(only for CVH-48-5SH)	For example, the digital display tube show "2.0",it means the EXV open angle is 120x4=480p.)

For CMZ-18-2Z



	Display	Remark			
Number of Presses					
0	Normal display	Displays running	frequenc	y, running state, or ma	Ifunction code
1	Quantity of indoor units with working connection	Actual data	Display	Number of indoor unit	
			1	1	
			2	2	
			3	3	
			4	4	
			5	5	
2	Outdoor unit running mode code	Off: 0,Fan only: 1, defrost:A	Cooling: 2	, Heating:3, Forced cool	ing: 4. Forced
3	Indoor unit A capacity				
4	Indoor unit B capacity	Th	- 1	If the climate and the co	-4
5	Indoor unit C capacity	digital display shov	vs the follo		ot connected, the
6	Indoor unit D capacity	(9K:1HP,12K:1.2HI	P,18K:1.5F	IP,24K:2.0HP)	
7	Indoor unit E capacity				

		Bit5	Frequency limit caused by current.	example, the digital display	
	Frequency limit symbol		Frequency limit caused by voltage	number. For	
45		Bit7 Bit6	Reserve	The display value is a hexidecimal	
44	EVI valve open angle		T	I -,	
43	MVI valve open angle	For example, if the digital display shows "2.0", the EXV open angle is 120×4=480p.			
42	EXV open angle for Eindoorunit				
41	EXV open angle for D indoor unit	digits.			
40	EXV open angle for C indoor unit	Actual data If the value	/4. is higher than 99, the digital display shows	single and double	
39	EXV open angle for Bindoorunit				
38	EXV open angle for A indoor unit				
37	AD value of DC voltage	205.			
36	AD value of AC voltage	For exampl	e, the digital display tube shows "Cd", it me	eans AD value is	
35	AD value of current	The display	value is a hex number.		
·		The display value is between 30–129 °C. If the temperature is lower than 30 °C, the digital display shows "30." If the temperature is higher than 99 °C, the digital display shows single and double digits. For example, if the digital display shows "0.5", the compressor discharge temperature is 105 °C.			
34	Compressor discharge temperature (TP)	The display	value is between 30–129 °C. If the temper	ature is lower than	
33	Outdoor ambient temperature (T4)	If the temperature is lowerthan -9 °C, the digital display shows "-9." If the temperature is higher than 70 °C, the digital display shows "70." If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display shows: "——"			
32	Condenser pipe temperature (T3)				
31	Indoor unit E evaporator temperature (T ₂ E)				
30	Indoorunit D evaporator temperature (T ₂ D)				
29	Indoorunit C evaporator temperature (T ₂ C)	16.0			
28	Indoor unit B evaporator temperature (T ₂ B)				
27	Indoor unit A evaporator temperature (T ₂ A)				
26	Indoorunit E room temperature (T₁E)				
25	Indoorunit D room temperature (T₁D)	indoor unit is not connected, the digital display shows: "——"			
24	Indoorunit C room temperature (T ₁ C)				
23	Indoor unit Broom temperature (T ₁ B)		e is higher than 50 °C, the digital display sh		
22	Indoor unit A room temperature (T ₁ A)	If the tempe	erature is lower than 0 °C, the digital display	/shows "∩" If the	
21	$(T_{2B}D)$ Indoor unit E evaporator outlet temperature $(T_{2B}E)$	indoor uniti	s not connected, the digital display shows:	""	
20	(T _{2B} C) Indoor unit D evaporator outlet temperature	•	e is higher than 70 °C, the digital displays		
19	Indoor unit C evaporator outlet temperature	If the tempe	rature is lower than -9 $^{\circ}$ C, the digital displ	ay shows "-9." If the	
18	Indoor unit B evaporator outlet temperature (T_{2B} R)				
17	chip Indoor unit A evaporator outlet temperature (T ₂₈ A)				
16	The frequency sending to compressor control				
15	units' amendatory capacity demand The frequency after the frequency limit				
14	The frequency corresponding to the total indoor				
13	Outdoor unit amendatory capacity demand code				
12	Indoorunit E capacity demand code				
11	Indoor unit D capacity demand code	(9K: 1HP,12K: 1.2HP,18K: 1.5HP,24K:2.0HP)			
10	Indoor unit C capacity demand code	Norm code	*HP		
9	Indoorunit A capacity demand code Indoorunit B capacity demand code				

		Bit4	Reserve.	show 2A, then Bit5=1, Bit3=1,	
		Bit3	Frequency limit caused by IPM.	and Bit1=1.	
		Bit2	Frequency limit caused by T5.	This means that a frequency limit	
		Bit1	Frequency limit caused by T3	may be caused by current, IPM	
		Bit0	Frequency limit caused by T2	or T3.	
46	T2B fault	00:No fault,01:T2B-A fault, ,02:T2B-B fault ,03:T2B-C fault,04:T2B-D fault, 05:T2B-E fault, 06:T2B-F fault(The display priority is A-B-C-D-E-F)			
47	Average value of T2	(Sum T2 value of all indoor units)/(number of indoor units in good connection)(The heating is the average value of T2, and the cooling is the average value of T2B)			
48	Outdoor unit fan motor state	Off: 0, Super ultra high speed:1, Super high speed:2, High speed:3, Med speed: 4, Low speed: 5, Breeze:6, Super breeze: 7			
49	Reason of stop				

7.3.2 Outdoor Unit Digital Display

A digital display is featured on the outdoor PCB.

The LED displays different codes in the following situations:

- Standby: "- -."
- Compressor operation: the running frequency.
- Defrosting mode: "dF" or alternative displays between running frequency and "dF" (ach appears for 0.5s.)
- Forced cooling mode: the LED displays "FC" or alternative displays between running frequency and "FC" (each appears for 0.5s).
- Compressor pre-heating: "PH" or alternative displays between running frequency and "PH" (each appears for 0.5s.)
- Oil return process: "RO" or alternative displays between running frequency and "RO" (each appears for 0.5s.)
- Low ambient cooling mode: "LC" or alternative displays between running frequency and "LC" (each appears for 0.5s.)
- PFC module protection occurs three times within 15 minutes: "E6" or alternates between displays of running frequency and "E6" (each appears for 0.5s.)
- In protection or malfunction, the LED displays an error code or protection code.
- "PH", "RO", "LC", "E6" are not suitable for CMZ-18-2Z, CVH-18-2SH, CMZ-27-3Z, CVH-27-3SH, CMZ-48-4Z

7.3.3 Outdoor unit error display

For other models,

Display	LED STATUS	New indoor Error
E0	Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error	F4
E2	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units	E1
E3	Communication malfunction between IPM board and outdoor main control board	
E4	Outdoor temperature sensor (coil sensor T3, ambient sensor T4, Compressor discharge sensor T5、indoor coil outlet pipe sensor T2B) malfunction	F2/F1/F3/F6
E5	Over-voltage or under-voltage protection	P1
E6	PFC module protection	
E8	Outdoor fan speed malfunction	F5
F1	No. A Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F2	No. B Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F3	No. C Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F4	No. D Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F5	No. E Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F6	No. F Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
P0	High temperature protection of compressor top	P2
P1	High pressure protection	P6
P2	Low pressure protection	P6
P3	Current overload protection	F0
P4	Temperature protection of compressor discharge	
P5	Condenser high temperature protection	
P6	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction	P0
LP	Low ambient temperature protection	
Ed	Communication malfunction between adapter board and outdoor main control board (only for CVH-48-5SH)	

CVH-36-4SH, CMZ-54-5Z

Display	LED STATUS
EC 51	Outdoor EEPROM malfunction
EL 01	Indoor / outdoor units communication error
PC 40	Communication malfunction between IPM board and outdoor main board
PC 08	Outdoor overcurrent protection
PC 10	Outdoor unit low AC voltage protection
PC 11	Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection
PC 12	Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection /341 MCE error
PC 00	IPM module protection
PC 0F	PFC module protection
EC 71	Over current failure of outdoor DC fan motor
EC 72	Lack phase failure of outdoor DC fan motor
EC 07	Outdoor fan speed has been out of control
PC 43	Outdoor compressor lack phase protection
PC 44	Outdoor unit zero speed protection
PC 45	Outdoor unit IR chip drive failure
PC 46	Compressor speed has been out of control
PC 49	Compressor overcurrent failure
PC 30	High pressure protection (For M4OB-36HFN8-Q, M5OD-42HFN8-Q, M5OE-42HFN8-Q)
PC 31	Low pressure protection (For M4OB-36HFN8-Q, M5OD-42HFN8-Q, M5OE-42HFN8-Q)
PC 0A	High temperature protection of condenser
PC 06	Temperature protection of compressor discharge
PC 0L	Low ambient temperature protection
PC 02	Top temperature protection of compressor
EC 52	Condenser coil temperature sensor T3 is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 53	Outdoor room temperature sensor T4 is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 54 EC 56	Compressor discharge temperature sensor TP is in open circuit or has short circuited Evaporator coil outlet temperature sensor T2B is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 50	Open or short circuit of outdoor unit temperature sensor(T3,T4.T5)
LC 30	Open of short chourt of outdoor unit temperature sensor(15, 14, 15)

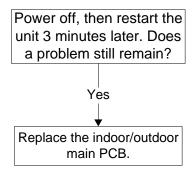
7.4 Diagnosis and Solution

7.4.1 Indoor unit trouble shooting

7.4.1.1 Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error diagnosis and solution.

Malfunction conditions	Indoor or outdoor PCB main chip does not receive feedback from EEPROM chip.
Potential causes	Installation mistakeFaulty PCB

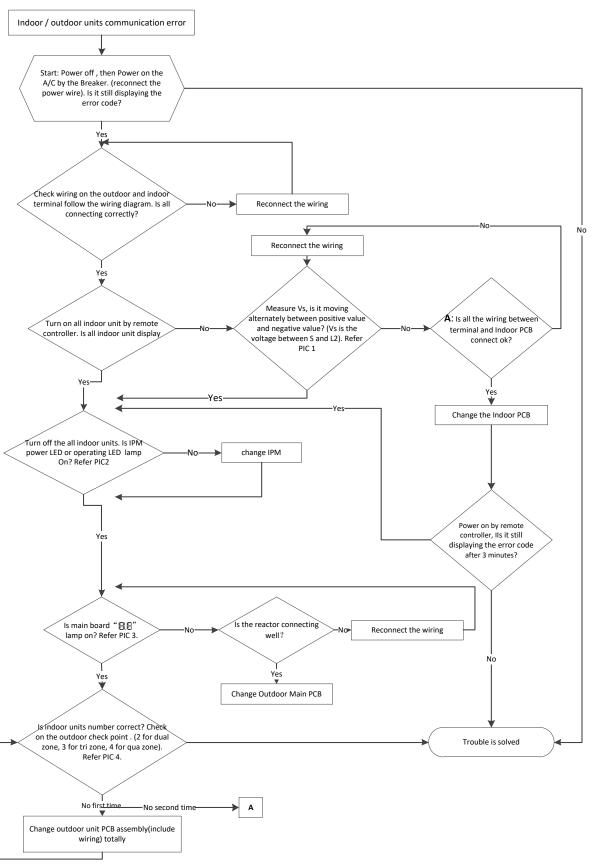
Trouble shooting:

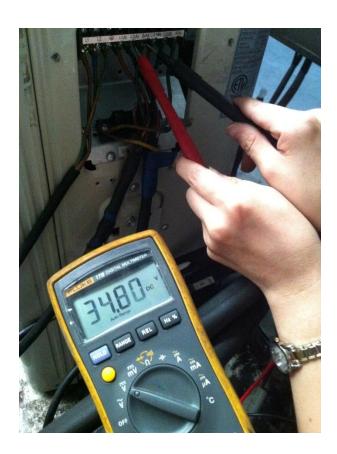


EEPROM: a type of read-only memory. The contents can be erased and reprogrammed using a pulsed voltage. To locate the EEPROM chip,.

7.4.1.2 Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units diagnosis and solution.

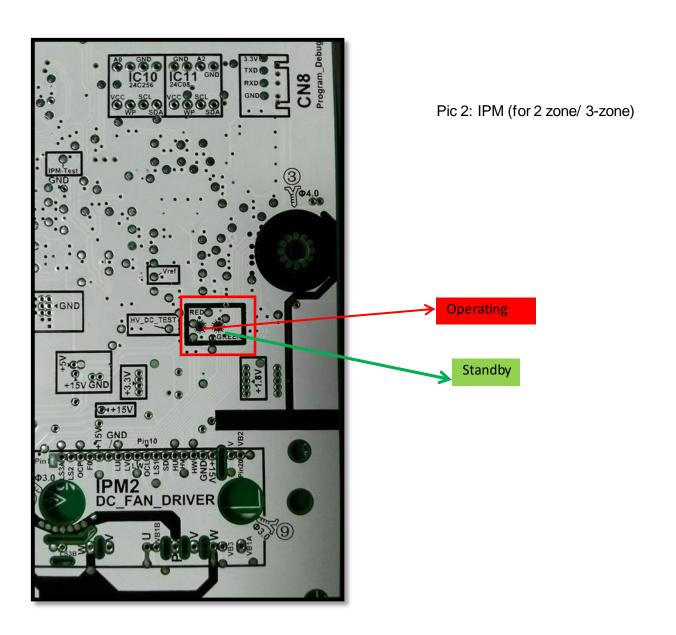
Malfunction conditions	If indoor unit does not receive the feedback from outdoor unit during 120 seconds.
Potential causes	Wiring mistake
	Faulty indoor or outdoor PCB

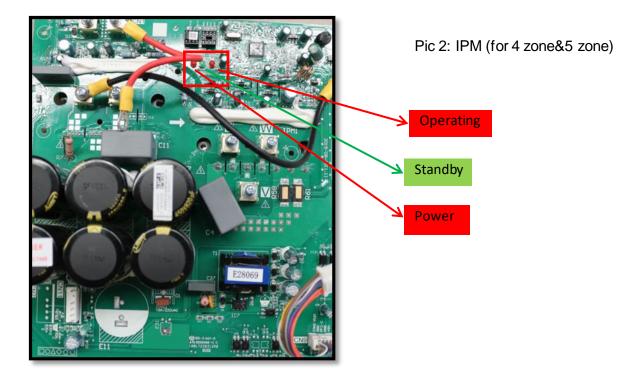




Pic 1: Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between 2(old: L2) port and S port of outdoor unit. The red pin of multimeter connects with 2 (old: L2) port while the black pin is for S port.

When AC is normal running, the voltage will move alternately between positive value and negative value.

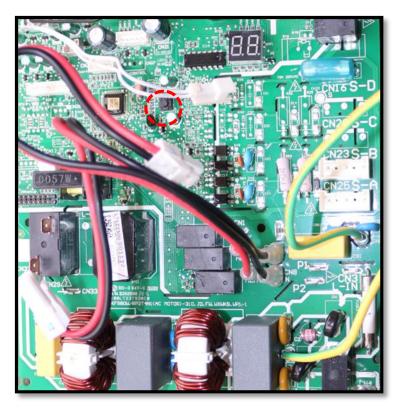








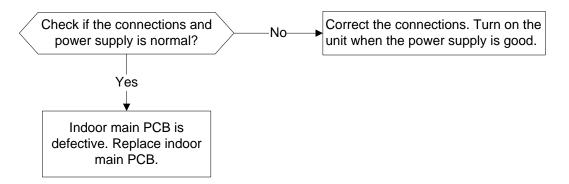
PIC3: Main board LED when power on and unit standby.



PIC 4: Check point button, press 1 time for check how many indoor units are connected.

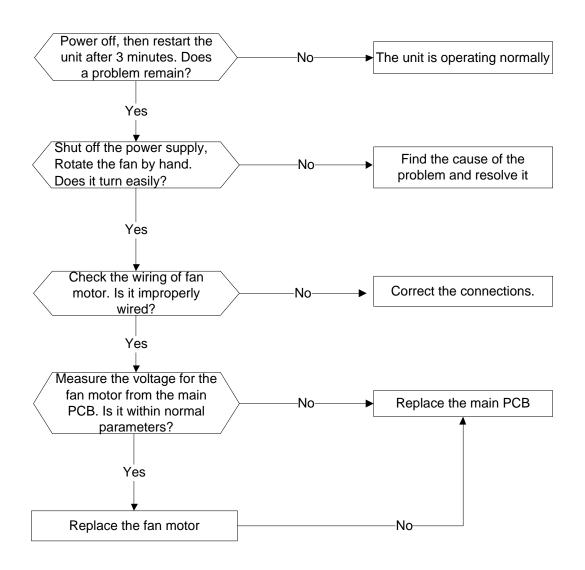
7.4.1.3 Zero-crossing signal detection error diagnosis and solution.

Malfunction conditions	When PCB does not receive zero crossing signal feedback for 4 minutes or the zero crossing signal time interval is abnormal.	
Potential causes	Connection mistake	
	● Faulty PCB	



7.4.1.4 Indoor fan speed malfunction diagnosis and solution.

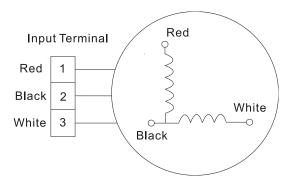
Malfunction conditions	When indoor fan speed is too low (300RPM) for a certain period of time, the unit ceases operation and the LED displays a failure code.	
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty fan assembly Faulty fan motor Faulty PCB 	



Index 1:

1: Indoor AC fan motor

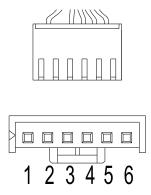
Power on and set the unit running in fan mode at high fan speed. After running for 15 seconds, measure the voltage of pin1 and pin2. If the value of the voltage is less than 100V (208~240V power supply) or 50V(115V power supply), the PCB must have problems and need to be replaced.



2. Indoor DC fan motor (control chip is inside fan motor)

Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of pin1-pin3, pin4-pin3 in fan motor connector. If the value of the voltage is not in the range showing in below table, the PCB must have problems and need to be replaced.

For other models:



DC motor voltage input and output

NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage	
1	Red	Vs/Vm	200V~380V	
2				
3	Black	GND	0V	
4	White	Vcc	13.5-16.5V	
5	Yellow	Vsp	0~6.5V	
6	Blue	FG	13.5-16.5V	

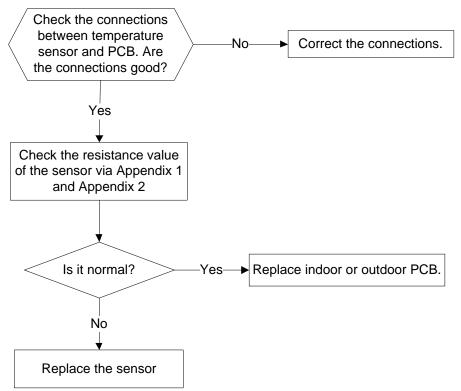
7.4.1.5 Temperature sensor malfunction diagnosis and solution.

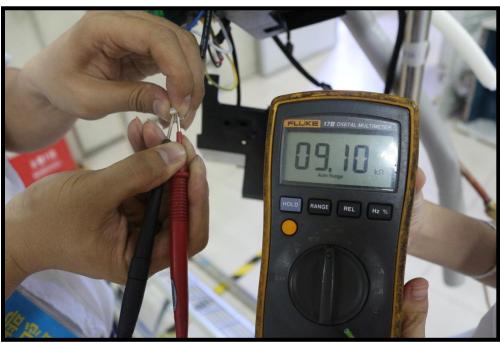
Malfunction conditions

If the sampling voltage is lower than 0.06V or higher than 4.94V, the LED displays a failure.

Potential causes

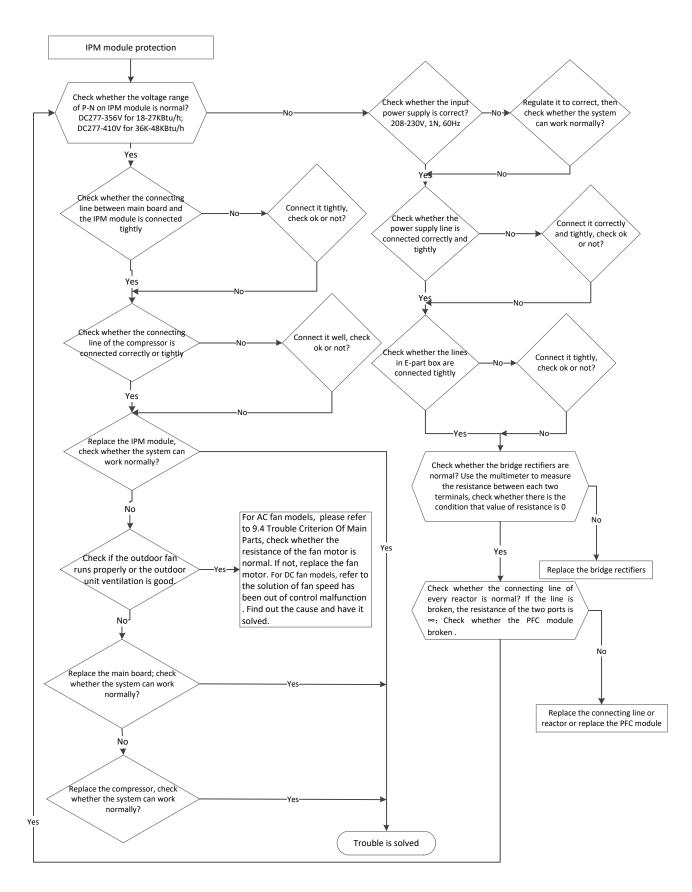
• Wiring mistake
• Faulty sensor
• Faulty PCB



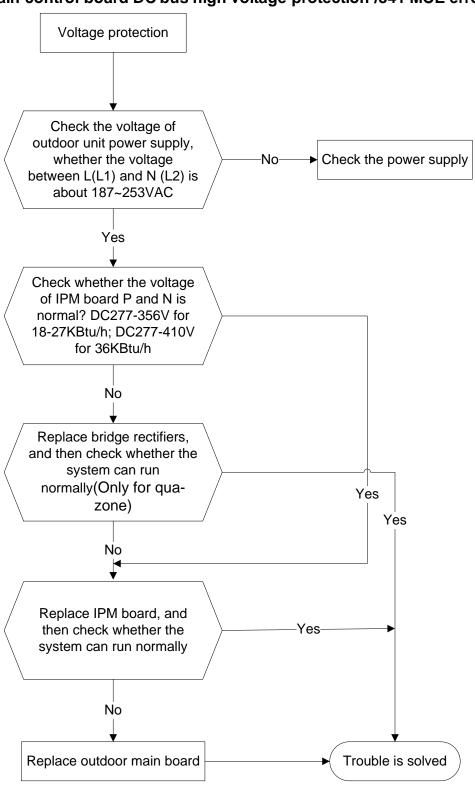


7.4.1.6 Inverter module (IPM) malfunction diagnosis and solution.

Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal that IPM send to compressor drive chip is abnormal, the display LED will show "P6" and AC will turn off.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake IPM malfunction Faulty outdoor fan assembly Compressor malfunction Faulty outdoor PCB



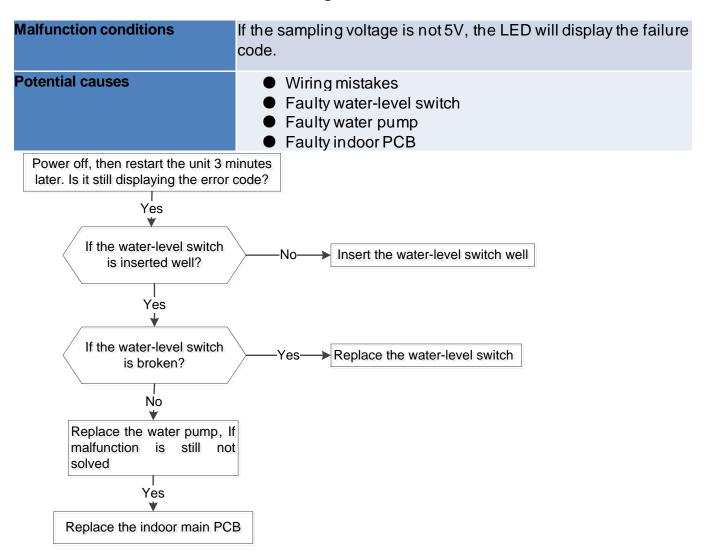
7.4.1.7 Over-voltage or under-voltage protection diagnosis and solution. Outdoor unit low AC voltage protection Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection /341 MCE error



7.4.1.8 Compressor drive malfunction diagnosis and solution

The trouble shooting is same with one of IPM module protection.

7.4.1.9 Water-level alarm malfunction diagnosis and solution



7.4.1.10 Indoor units mode conflict

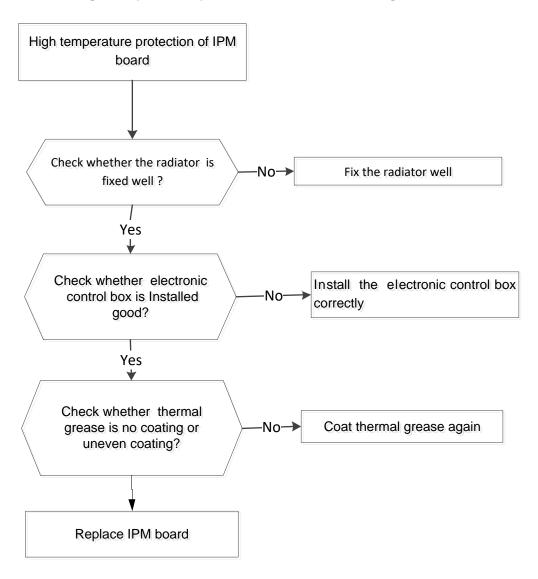
Error Code	P5(old model) or(new model)
Malfunction conditions	The indoor units cannot work cooling mode and heating at same time. Heating mode has a priority.
Potential causes	 Suppose Indoor unit A working in cooling mode or fan mode, and indoor unit B is set to heating mode, then A will change to off and B will work in heating mode. Suppose Indoor unit A working in heating mode, and indoor unit B is set to cooling mode or fan mode, then B will change to stand by and A will be no change.

	Cooling mode	Heating Mode	Fan	Off
Cooling mode	No	Yes	No	No
Heating Mode	Yes	No	Yes	No
Fan	No	Yes	No	No
Off	No	No	No	No

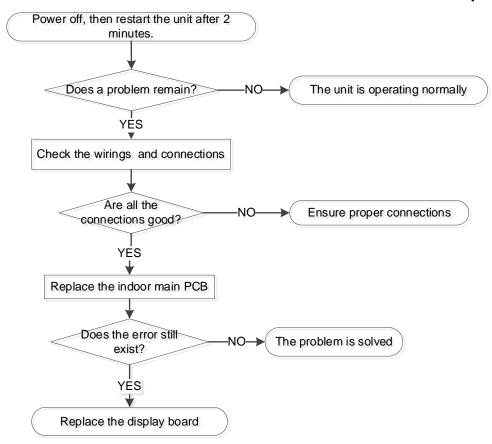
No: No mode conflict;

Yes: Mode conflict

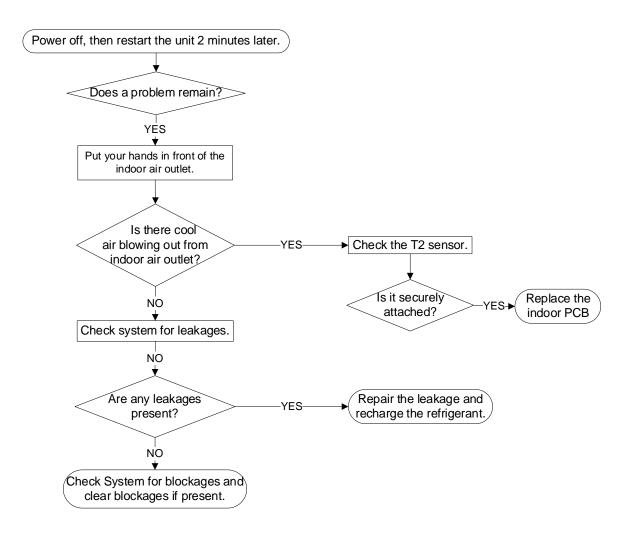
7.4.1.11 High temperature protection of IPM board diagnosis and solution



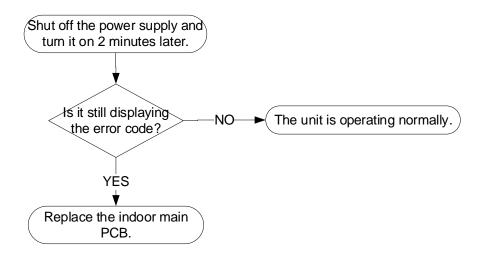
7.4.1.12 Communication error between the indoor PCB and display board



7.4.1.13 Refrigerant Leakage Detection



7.4.1.14 Communication malfunction between indoor two chips

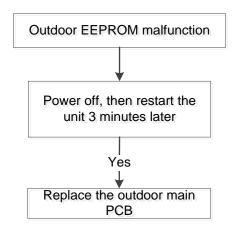


7.4.2 Outdoor unit trouble shooting

7.4.2.1 E0/ EC 51 (Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error) diagnosis and solution

Error Code	E0/ EC 51
Malfunction conditions	PCB main chip does not receive feedback from EEPROM chip
Potential causes	Installation mistakeFaulty PCB

Trouble shooting:



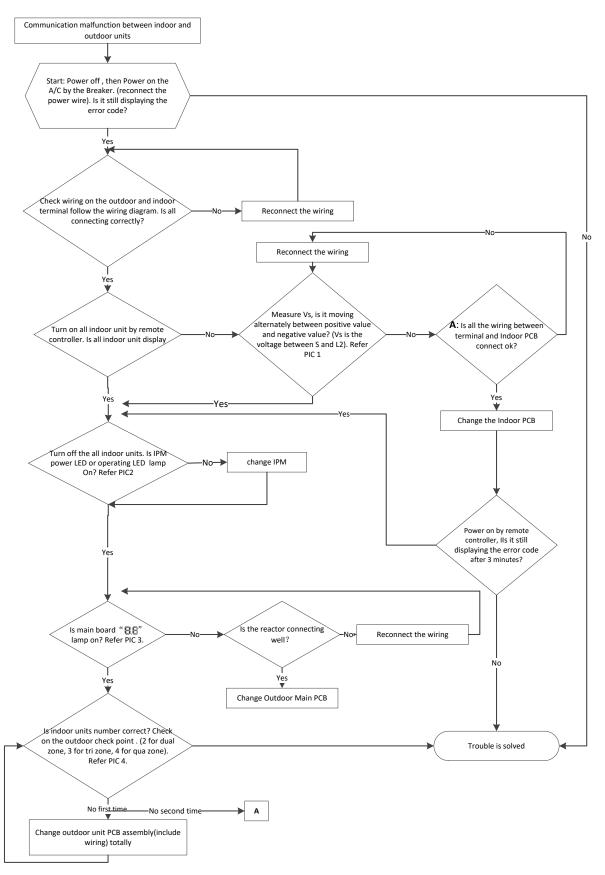
EEPROM: a type of read-only memory. The contents can be erased and reprogrammed using a pulsed voltage.

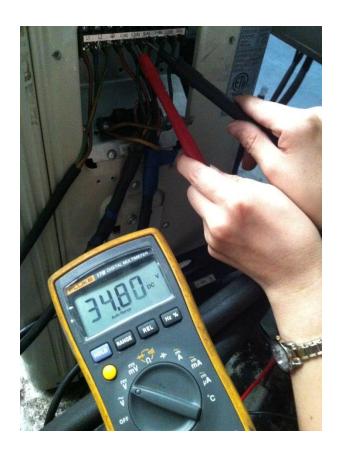
refer to the following photos.



7.4.2.2 E2/ EL 01 (Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units) diagnosis and solution.

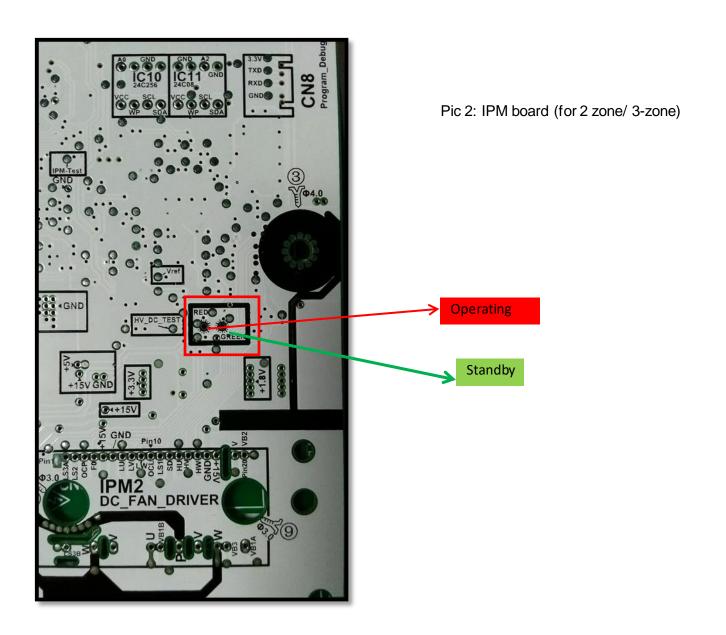
Error Code	E2/ EL 01
Malfunction conditions	Indoor unit does not receive the feedback from outdoor unit during 120 seconds or outdoor unit does not receive the feedback from any one indoor unit during 180 seconds.
Potential causes	Wiring mistakeFaulty Indoor or outdoor PCB

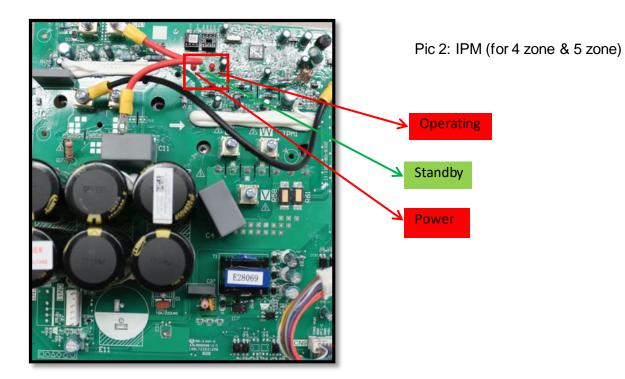




Pic 1: Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between 2(old: L2) port and 3 port of outdoor unit. The red pin of multimeter connects with 2 (old: L2) port while the black pin is for 3 port.

When AC is normal running, the voltage will move alternately between positive value and negative value.









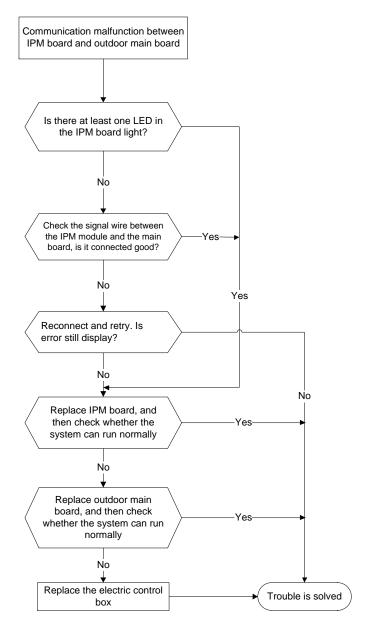
PIC3: Main board LED when power on and unit standby.



PIC 4: Check point button, press 1 time for check how many indoor units are connected.

7.4.2.3 E3/ PC 40 (Communication malfunction between IPM board and outdoor main control board) diagnosis

Error Code	E3/ PC 40
Malfunction	PCB main chip does not receive feedback from IPM module
conditions	during 60 seconds.
CONGRIGORIC	· ·
Potential causes	Wiring mistake
	● Faulty PCB

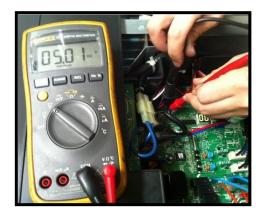


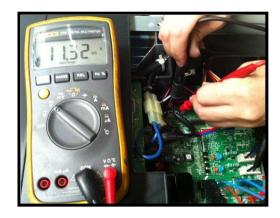


Remark:

Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between black pin and white pin of signal wire The normal value should be around 5V.

Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between black pin and red pin of signal wire. The normal value should be around 12V.

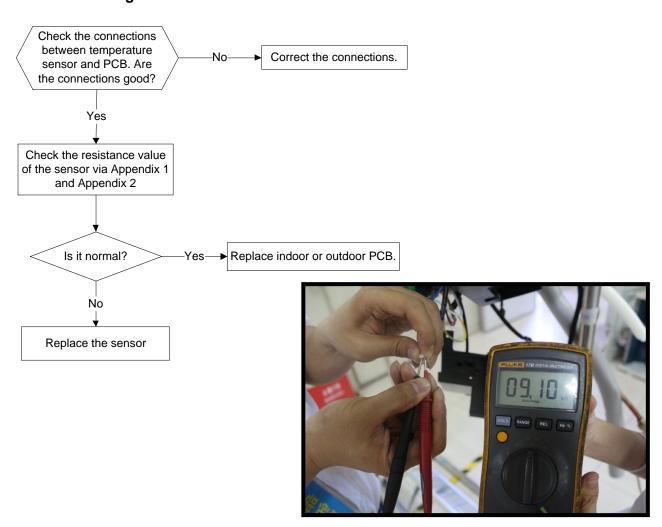




7.4.2.4 E4/EC 50 (Outdoor temperature sensor (coil sensor T3,ambient sensor T4, Compressor discharge sensor T5、 indoor coil outlet pipe sensor T2B) malfunction) diagnosis and solution F1/F2/F3/F4/F5 (No.A,B,C,D,E Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction) diagnosis and solution.

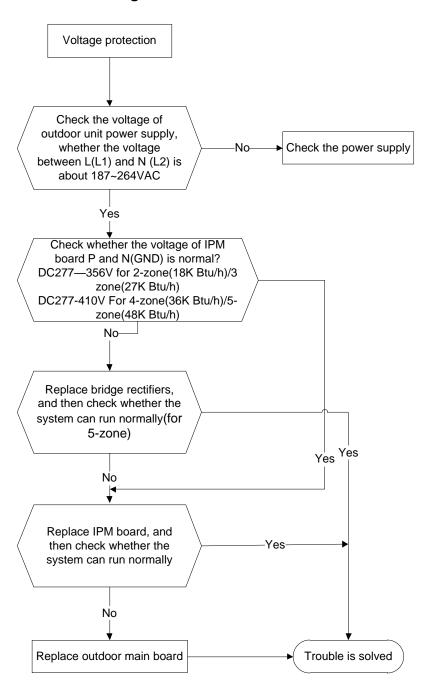
Outdoor room temperature sensor T4 is in open circuit or has short circuited(EC 53)
Compressor discharge temperature sensor T5 is in open circuit or has short circuited(EC 54)
Evaporator coil outlet temperature sensor T2B is in open circuit or has short circuited(EC 56)

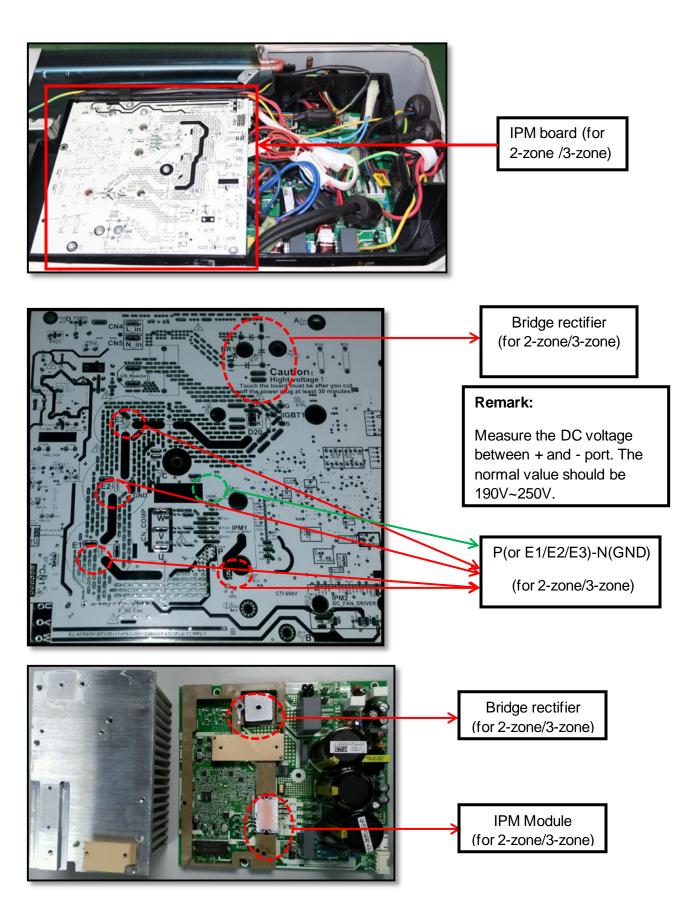
Error Code	E4/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/ EC 52/EC 53/EC 54/EC 56/EC 50
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is lower than 0.06V or higher than 4.94V, the LED will display the failure.
Potential causes	Wiring mistake
	Faulty sensor
	● Faulty PCB

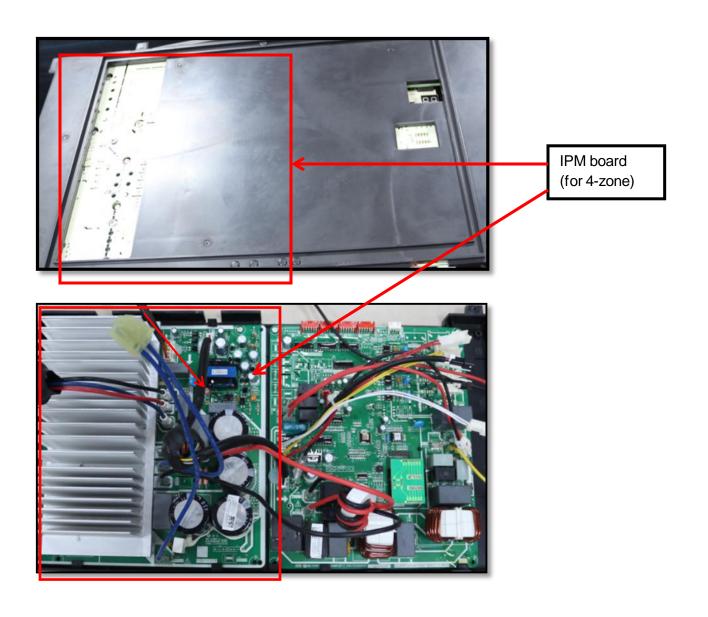


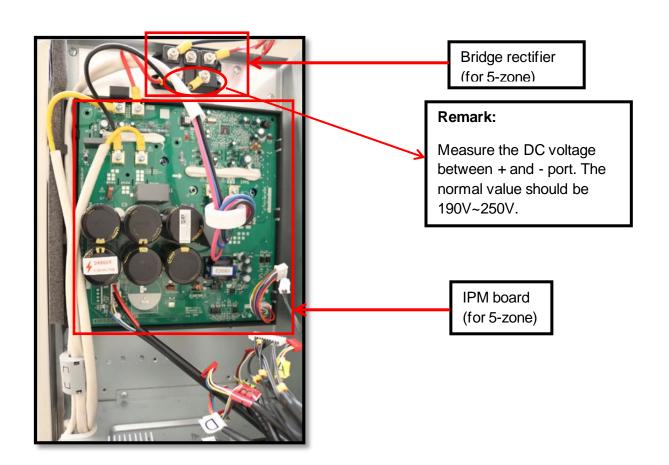
7.4.2.5 E5/ PC 10/PC 11/PC 12 (Over-voltage or under-voltage protection) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	E5/ PC 10/PC 11/PC 12
Malfunction conditions	An abnormal voltage rise or drop is detected by checking the specified voltage detection circuit.
Potential causes	Power supply problems.System leakage or blockFaulty PCB







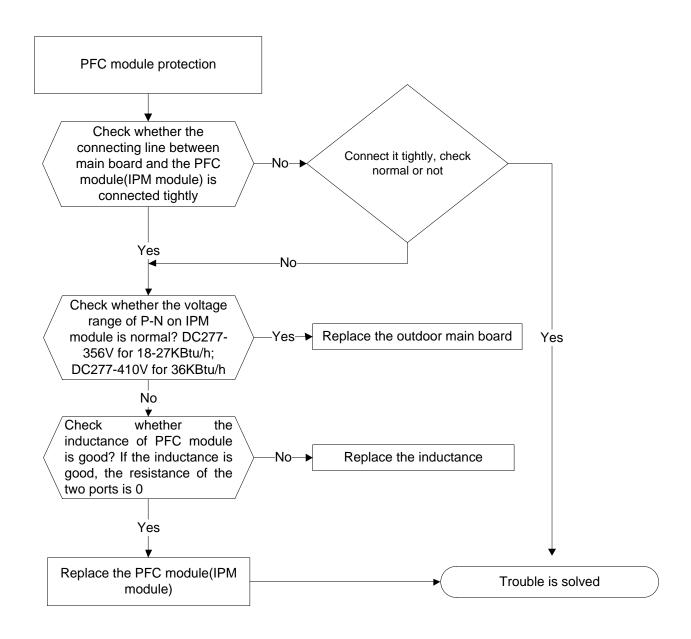






7.4.2.6 E6/ PC 0F (PFC module protection) error diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	E6/ PC 0F
Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal that PFC sends to main control board is abnormal, the display LED will show "E6" and AC will turn off.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty outdoor PCB Faulty inductance of PFC module PFC module malfunction





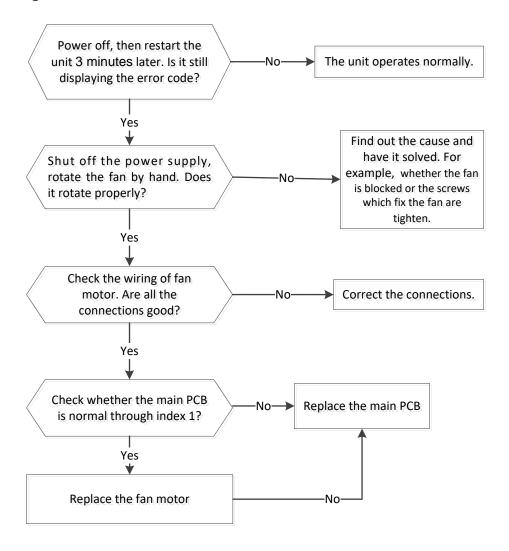
Inductance



Two ports of the inductance

7.4.2.7 E8/ EC 07 (Outdoor fan speed malfunction)/ EC 71(Over current failure of outdoor DC fan motor) diagnosis and solution

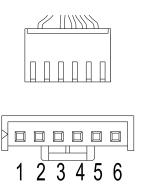
Error Code	E8/ EC 07/ EC 71
Malfunction conditions	When outdoor fan speed keeps too low (300RPM) or too high(2400RPM) for certain time, the unit will stop and the LED will display the failure.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty Fan assembly Faulty Fan motor Faulty PCB



Index 1:

> 1. DC fan motor(control chip is inside fan motor)

Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of pin1-pin3, pin4-pin3 in fan motor connector. If the value of the voltage is not in the range showing in below table, the PCB must have problems and need to be replaced.



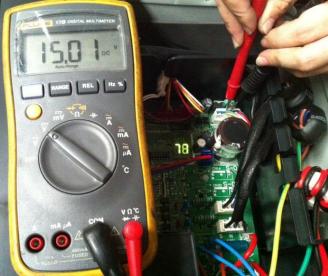
DC motor voltage input and output

NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1	Red	Vs/Vm	200~380V
2			
3	Black	GND	0V
4	White	Vcc	13.5~16.5V
5	Yellow	Vsp	0~6.5V
6	Blue	FG	13.5~16.5V

Vs

Vcc





Vsp

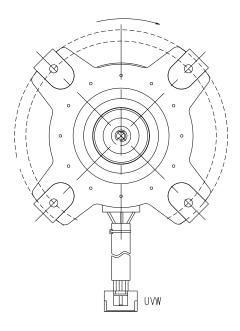
FG





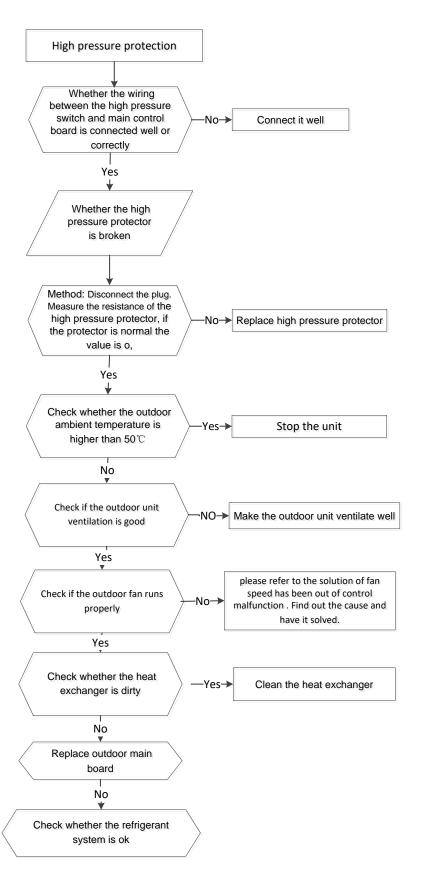
> 2. DC Fan Motor (control chip is in PCB)

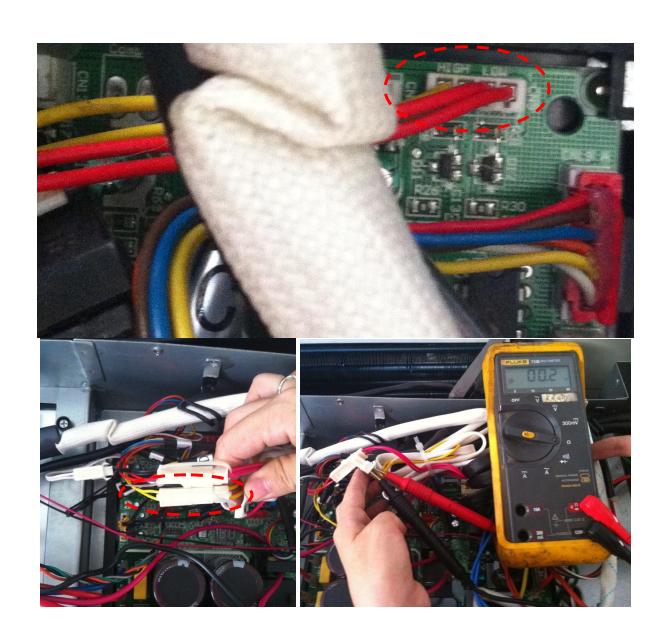
Release the UVW connector. Measure the resistance of U-V, U-W, and V-W. If the resistances are not equal to each other, the fan motor may be experiencing problems and need to be replaced. Otherwise, the PCB must has problems and need to be replaced.



7.4.2.8 P1/PC 30 (High pressure protection) diagnosis and solution.

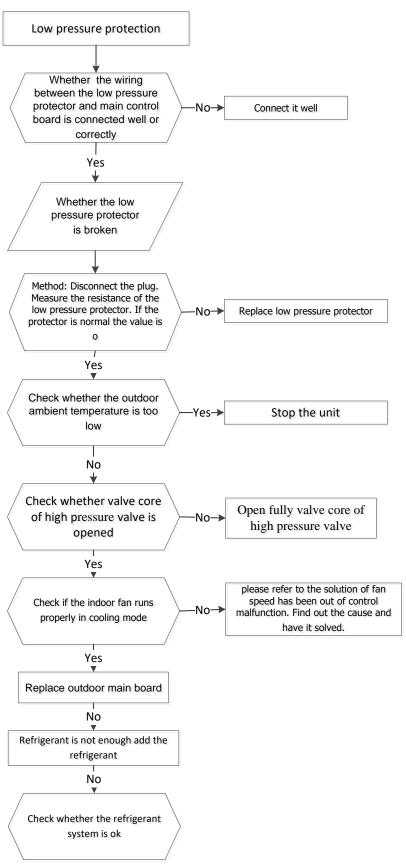
Error Code	P1/PC 30
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty over load protector System block Faulty outdoor PCB

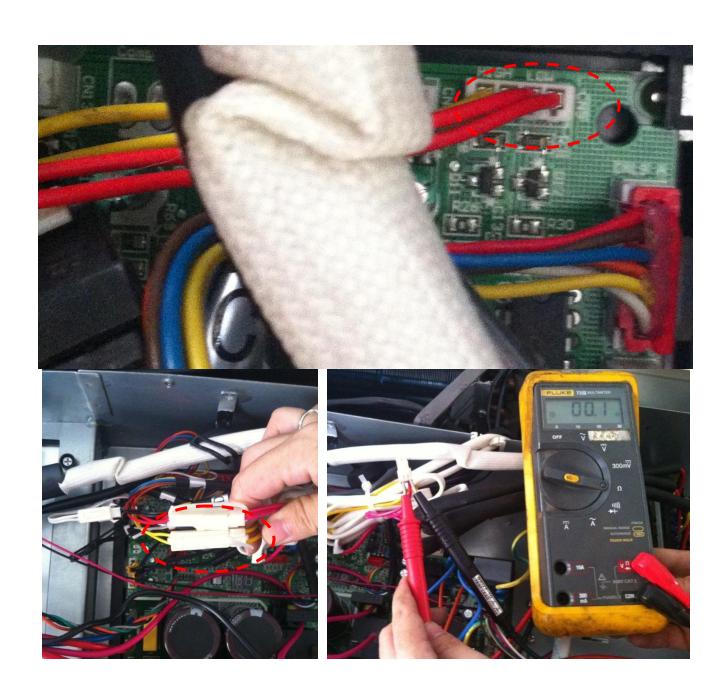




7.4.2.9 P2/PC 31 (Low pressure protection) diagnosis and solution.

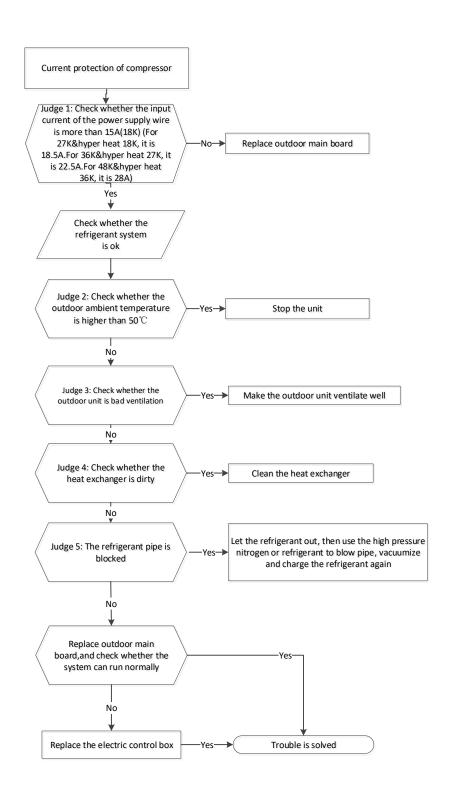
Error Code	P2/PC 31
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty over load protector System block Faulty outdoor PCB





7.4.2.10 P3/PC 08 (Current overload protection)/ PC 44(Outdoor unit zero speed protection)/PC 46(Compressor speed has been out of control)/PC 49(Compressor overcurrent failure) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	P3/PC 08/PC 44/PC 46/PC 49
Malfunction conditions	If the outdoor current exceeds the current limit value, the LED will display the failure.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty over load protector System block Faulty outdoor PCB

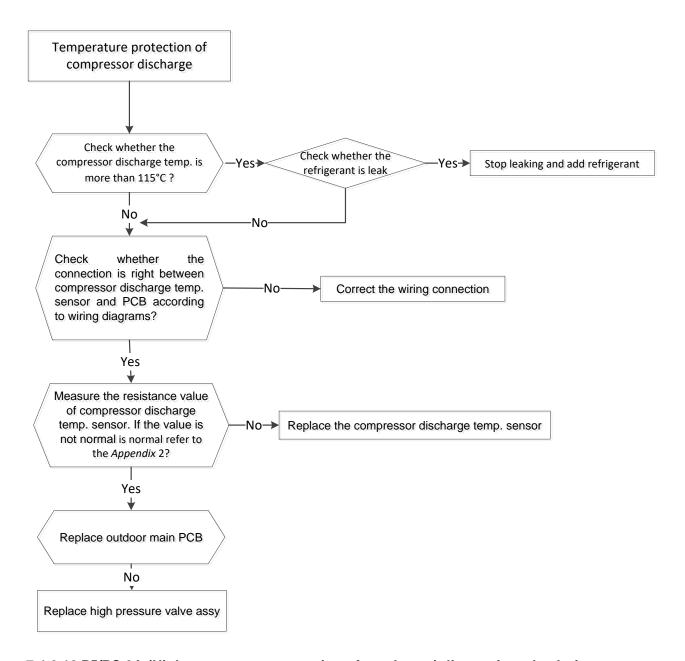






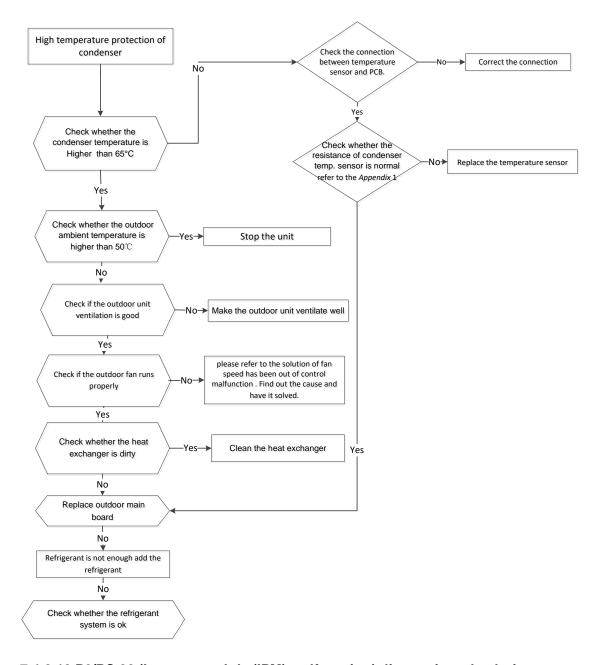
7.4.2.11 P4/PC 06 (Temperature protection of compressor discharge) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	P4/PC 06
Malfunction conditions	When the compressor discharge temperature(T5) is more than 115°C for 10 seconds, the compressor will stop and restart till T5 is less than 90°C.
Potential causes	 Refrigerant leakage Wiring mistake Faulty discharge temperature sensor Faulty outdoor PCB



7.4.2.12 P5/PC 0A (High temperature protection of condenser) diagnosis and solution.

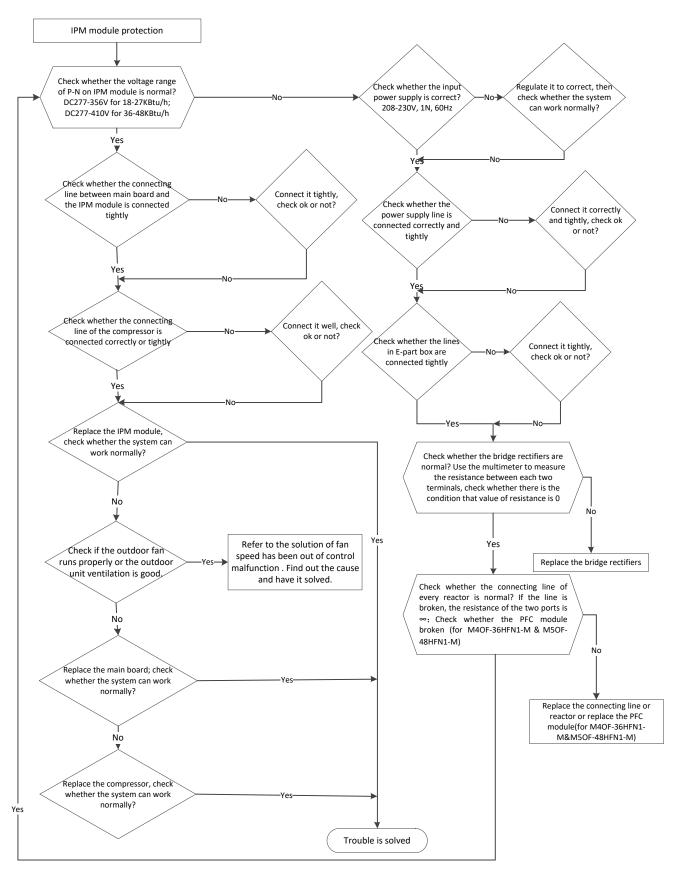
Error Code	P5/PC 0A
Malfunction conditions	When outdoor pipe temperature is more than 65°C, the unit will stop, and unit runs again when outdoor pipe temperature is less than 52°C
Potential causes	 Faulty condenser temperature sensor Heat exchanger dirty System block



7.4.2.13 P6/PC 00 (Inverter module (IPM) malfunction) diagnosis and solution.

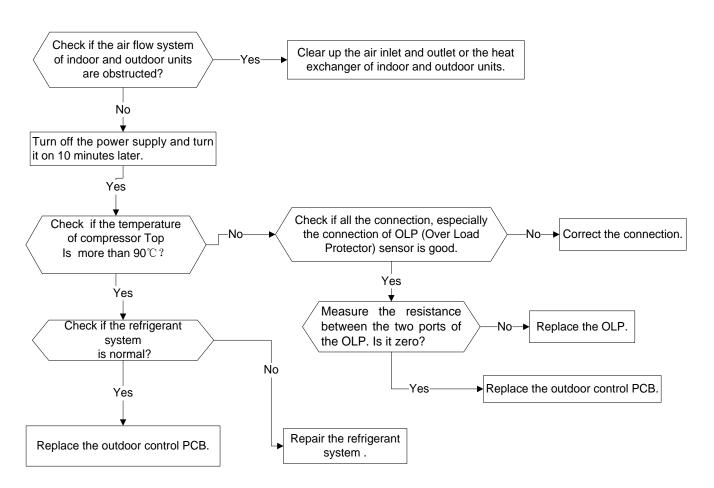
Error Code	P6/PC 00
Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal that IPM send to compressor drive chip is abnormal, the display LED will show "P6" and AC will turn off.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake IPM malfunction Faulty outdoor fan assembly Compressor malfunction

• Faulty outdoor PCB

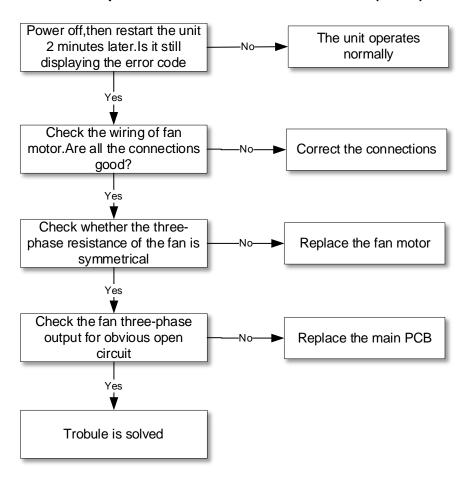


7.4.2.14. High temperature protection of compressor top(IDU P2/ODU P0/PC 02)

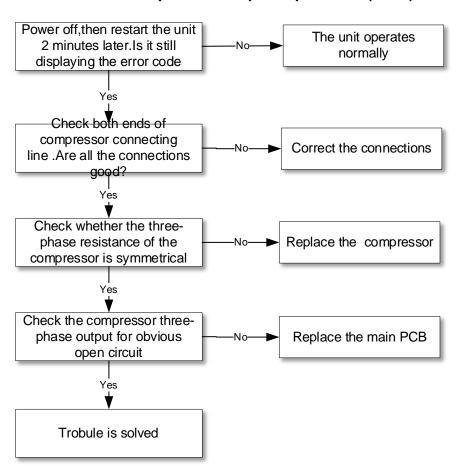
Malfunction decision conditions If the sampling voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure. Supposed causes Faulty overload protector Wiring mistake System leakage or block Faulty PCB



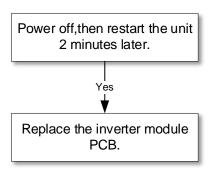
7.4.2.15 Lack phase failure of outdoor DC fan motor(EC 72)



7.4.2.16 Outdoor compressor lack phase protection(PC43)



7.4.2.17 Outdoor unit IR chip drive failure(PC45)



7.4.2.18 The cooling operation or heating operation does not operate.

Potential causes

Faulty 4-way valve

Check of 4-way, please refer to part 5 in 9.5 Trouble Criterion Of Main Parts.

7.4.2.19 When cooling, heat exchanger of non-operating indoor unit frosts.

When heating, non-operating indoor unit get warm.

Potential causes

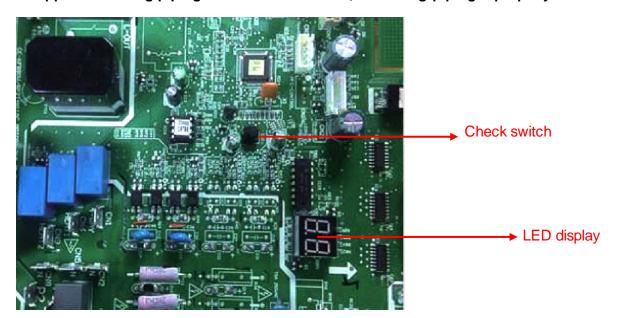
Faulty EXV

Wire and piping connected in reverse.

Check of EXV, please refer to part 6 in 9.5 Trouble Criterion Of Main Parts.

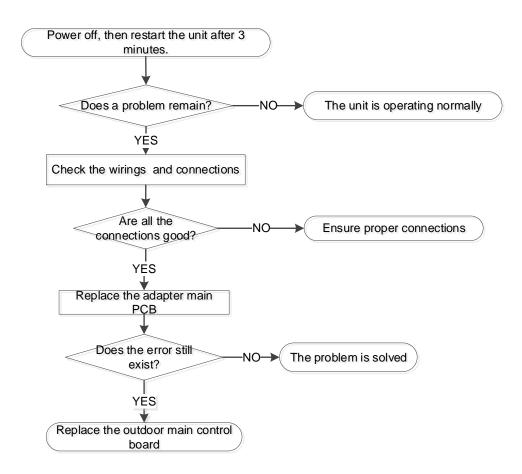
7.4.2.20 Automatic correction of wiring/piping error:

Press the "check switch" on the outdoor unit PCB board 5 seconds until LED display "CE", which mean this function is working, Approximately 5-10 minutes after the switch is pressed, the "CE" disappear the wiring/piping error will be corrected, and wiring/piping is properly connected.



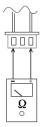
7.4.2.17 Communication malfunction between adapter board and outdoor main control board(ODU Ed)

Malfunction decision conditions	If outdoor PCB does not receive feedback from adapter board.
Supposed causes	Wiring mistakeFaulty PCB



7.5 Trouble Criterion of Main Parts.

1.Temperature sensor checkingDisconnect the temperature sensor from PCB, measure the resistance value with a tester.



Tester

Temperature Sensors.

Room temp.(T1) sensor,

Indoor coil temp.(T2) sensor,

Outdoor coil temp.(T3) sensor,

Outdoor ambient temp.(T4) sensor,

Compressor discharge temp.(T5) sensor.

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the multi-meter.

Appendix 1 Temperature Sensor Resistance Value Table (°C--K)

°C	K Ohm	°C	K Ohm	°C	K Ohm	°C	K Ohm
-20	115.266	20	12.6431	60	2.35774	100	0.62973
-19	108.146	21	12.0561	61	2.27249	101	0.61148
-18	101.517	22	11.5000	62	2.19073	102	0.59386
-17	96.3423	23	10.9731	63	2.11241	103	0.57683
-16	89.5865	24	10.4736	64	2.03732	104	0.56038
-15	84.2190	25	10.000	65	1.96532	105	0.54448
-14	79.3110	26	9.55074	66	1.89627	106	0.52912
-13	74.5360	27	9.12445	67	1.83003	107	0.51426
-12	70.1698	28	8.71983	68	1.76647	108	0.49989
-11	66.0898	29	8.33566	69	1.70547	109	0.48600
-10	62.2756	30	7.97078	70	1.64691	110	0.47256
-9	58.7079	31	7.62411	71	1.59068	111	0.45957
-8	56.3694	32	7.29464	72	1.53668	112	0.44699
-7	52.2438	33	6.98142	73	1.48481	113	0.43482
-6	49.3161	34	6.68355	74	1.43498	114	0.42304
-5	46.5725	35	6.40021	75	1.38703	115	0.41164
-4	44.0000	36	6.13059	76	1.34105	116	0.40060
-3	41.5878	37	5.87359	77	1.29078	117	0.38991
-2	39.8239	38	5.62961	78	1.25423	118	0.37956
-1	37.1988	39	5.39689	79	1.21330	119	0.36954
0	35.2024	40	5.17519	80	1.17393	120	0.35982
1	33.3269	41	4.96392	81	1.13604	121	0.35042
2	31.5635	42	4.76253	82	1.09958	122	0.3413
3	29.9058	43	4.57050	83	1.06448	123	0.33246
4	28.3459	44	4.38736	84	1.03069	124	0.32390
5	26.8778	45	4.21263	85	0.99815	125	0.31559
6	25.4954	46	4.04589	86	0.96681	126	0.30754
7	24.1932	47	3.88673	87	0.93662	127	0.29974
8	22.5662	48	3.73476	88	0.90753	128	0.29216
9	21.8094	49	3.58962	89	0.87950	129	0.28482
10	20.7184	50	3.45097	90	0.85248	130	0.27770
11	19.6891	51	3.31847	91	0.82643	131	0.27078
12	18.7177	52	3.19183	92	0.80132	132	0.26408
13	17.8005	53	3.07075	93	0.77709	133	0.25757
14	16.9341	54	2.95896	94	0.75373	134	0.25125
15	16.1156	55	2.84421	95	0.73119	135	0.24512
16	15.3418	56	2.73823	96	0.70944	136	0.23916
17	14.6181	57	2.63682	97	0.68844	137	0.23338
18	13.9180	58	2.53973	98	0.66818	138	0.22776
19	13.2631	59	2.44677	99	0.64862	139	0.22231

Appendix 2

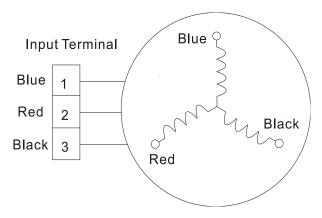
		Unit: °CK	. D	ischarge temp.	sensor table		
-20	542.7	20	68.66	60	13.59	100	3.702
-19	511.9	21	65.62	61	13.11	101	3.595
-18	483	22	62.73	62	12.65	102	3.492
-17	455.9	23	59.98	63	12.21	103	3.392
-16	430.5	24	57.37	64	11.79	104	3.296
-15	406.7	25	54.89	65	11.38	105	3.203
-14	384.3	26	52.53	66	10.99	106	3.113
-13	363.3	27	50.28	67	10.61	107	3.025
-12	343.6	28	48.14	68	10.25	108	2.941
-11	325.1	29	46.11	69	9.902	109	2.86
-10	307.7	30	44.17	70	9.569	110	2.781
-9	291.3	31	42.33	71	9.248	111	2.704
-8	275.9	32	40.57	72	8.94	112	2.63
-7	261.4	33	38.89	73	8.643	113	2.559
-6	247.8	34	37.3	74	8.358	114	2.489
-5	234.9	35	35.78	75	8.084	115	2.422
-4	222.8	36	34.32	76	7.82	116	2.357
-3	211.4	37	32.94	77	7.566	117	2.294
-2	200.7	38	31.62	78	7.321	118	2.233
-1	190.5	39	30.36	79	7.086	119	2.174
0	180.9	40	29.15	80	6.859	120	2.117
1	171.9	41	28	81	6.641	121	2.061
2	163.3	42	26.9	82	6.43	122	2.007
3	155.2	43	25.86	83	6.228	123	1.955
4	147.6	44	24.85	84	6.033	124	1.905
5	140.4	45	23.89	85	5.844	125	1.856
6	133.5	46	22.89	86	5.663	126	1.808
7	127.1	47	22.1	87	5.488	127	1.762
8	121	48	21.26	88	5.32	128	1.717
9	115.2	49	20.46	89	5.157	129	1.674
10	109.8	50	19.69	90	5	130	1.632
11	104.6	51	18.96	91	4.849		
12	99.69	52	18.26	92	4.703		
13	95.05	53	17.58	93	4.562		
14	90.66	54	16.94	94	4.426		
15	86.49	55	16.32	95	4.294	B(25/50)=3950K
16	82.54	56	15.73	96	4.167		
17	78.79	57	15.16	97	4.045	R(90°C)=	-5KΩ±3%
18	75.24	58	14.62	98	3.927	<u> </u>	
19	71.86	59	14.09	99	3.812		

Appendix 3:

°C	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
°F	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72
°C	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
°F	74	76	78	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98

2. Compressor check

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



		Resistance Value								
Position	ATM150D23UFZ	ATF235D22UMT	ATF250D22UMT	ATF310D43UMT	ATQ360D1UMU	ATQ420D1UMU	EAPQ420D1UMUA			
Blue - Red										
Blue - Black	1.72 Ω	0.75 Ω	0.75 Ω	0.65 Ω	0.37 Ω	0.38Ω	0.1Ω			
Red - Blue										



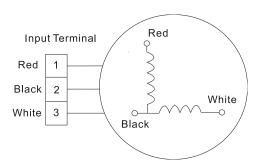
3. IPM continuity check

Turn off the power, let the large capacity electrolytic capacitors discharge completely, and dismount the IPM. Use a digital tester to measure the resistance between P and UVWN; UVW and N.

Digi	ital tester	Normal resistance value	Digital tester		Normal resistance value
(+)Red	(-)Black		(+)Red	(-)Black	
	N	∞	U		∞
P	U		V	N	-
V	(Several MΩ)	W	N	(Several MΩ)	
	W		(+)Red		

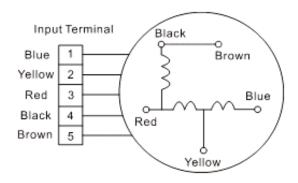
4. AC Fan Motor.

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



Position	Resistance Value							
	RPG	620B	RPG	28H				
Black - Red	381Ω±8% (20°C)	342Ω±8% (20°C)	183.6Ω±8% (20°C)	180Ω±8% (20°C)				
	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Dayang)	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Wolong)				
White - Black	267Ω±8% (20°C)	253Ω±8% (20°C)	206Ω±8% (20°C)	190Ω±8% (20°C)				
	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Dayang)	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Wolong)				

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



Position		Resistance Value						
	YDK70-6FB	YDK180-8GB	YSK27-4G	YSK68-4B	YDK45-6B	YSK25-6L	YDK53- 6FB(B)	
Black -	56Ω±8%	24.5Ω±8%	317Ω±8%	145Ω±8%	345Ω±8%	627Ω±8% (20	88.5Ω±8%	
Red	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	℃)	(20°C)	
Red -	76Ω±8%	19Ω±8% (20	252Ω±8%	88Ω±8% (20	150Ω±8%	374.3Ω±8%	138Ω±8% (20	
Yellow	(20°C)	℃)	(20°C)	°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	℃)	
Yellow -	76Ω±8%	19Ω±8% (20	252Ω±8%	88Ω±8% (20	150Ω±8%	374.3Ω±8%	138Ω±8% (20	
Blue	(20°C)	°C)	(20°C)	°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	°C)	

5.4-way valve

1. Power on, use a digital tester to measure the voltage, when the unit operates in cooling, it is 0V. When the unit operates in heating, it is about 230VAC.

If the value of the voltage is not in the range, the PCB must have problems and need to be replaced.



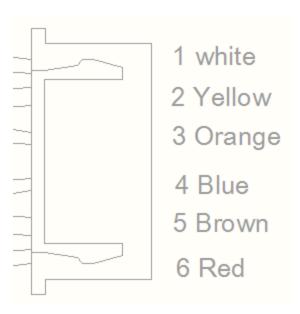


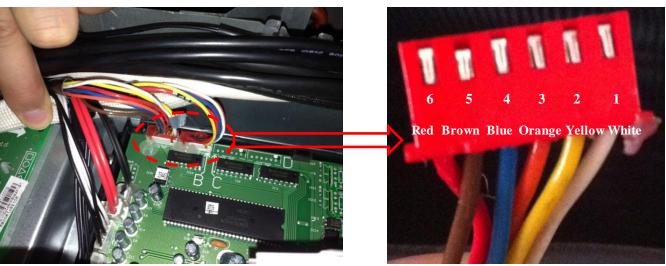
2 Turn off the power, use a digital tester to measure the resistance. The value should be 1.8~2.5 $K\Omega$.



6.EXV check

Disconnect the connectors.





Resistance to EXV coil

Color of lead wire	Normal Value
Red- Blue	
Red - Yellow	About 50Ω
Brown-Orange	
Brown-White	